

Bachelor of Science (PCM) 3 Years Degree Course (w.e.f. 2015-2016)

> Scheme of Examination

> Detailed Syllabi

University Campus

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Bachelor of Science (PCM) 3 Years Degree Course (w.e.f. 2015-2016)

Scheme of Examination & Detailed Syllabi

List of Courses (B. Sc.)

Ability Enhancement Compulsory

- ➤ Environmental Science (BSC201)
- ➤ English/MIL Communication (BSC101)

Core subjects:

Core papers of Physics:

- ➤ Mechanics (BSC102)
- ➤ Electricity and Magnetism (BSC202)
- ➤ Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics (BSC302)
- ➤ Waves and Optics (BSC401)

Core papers Chemistry:

- ➤ Atomic Structure, Bonding, General Organic Chemistry & Aliphatic Hydrocarbons (BSC103)
- ➤ Chemical Energetics, Equilibria & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-I (BSC203)
- ➤ Conductance, Electrochemistry & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-II (BSC302)
- Transition Metal & Coordination Chemistry, States of Matter and Chemical Kinetics (BSC402)

Core papers Mathematics:

- ➤ Differential Calculus (BSC104)
- ➤ Differential Equations(BSC204)
- ➤ Real Analysis (BSC303)
- ➤ Algebra(BSC403)

Discipline Specific Elective papers:

Physics

- ➤ Digital, Analog and Instrumentation (BSC504A)
- ➤ Elements of Modern Physics (BSC504B)
- ➤ Mathematical Physics (BSC504C)
- ➤ Solid State Physics (BSC504D)
- Quantum Mechanics (BSC604A)
- ➤ Embedded System: Introduction to microcontroller (BSC604B)
- ➤ Nuclear and Particle Physics (BSC604C)
- ➤ Medical Physics (BSC604D)

Chemistry

- ➤ Analytical Methods in Chemistry (BSC503A)
- ➤ Novel Inorganic Solids (BSC503B)
- ➤ Polymer Chemistry (BSC603A)
- ➤ Green Chemistry(BSC603B)
- ➤ Instrumental Methods of Analysis (BSC603C)
- Organometallics, Bioinorganic chemistry, Polynuclear hydrocarbons and UV, IR Spectroscopy (BSC503C)

Mathematics

DSE 1A (choose one)

- ➤ Matrices (BSC502A)
- ➤ Mechanics(BSC502B)
- ➤ Linear Algebra (BSC502C)

DSE 1B (choose one)

- ➤ Numerical Methods (BSC602A)
- ➤ Complex Analysis (BSC602B)
- ➤ Linear Programming (BSC602C)

Skill Enhancement Course (any four)

- ➤ Physics Workshop Skills (BSC304C)
- ➤ Computational Physics Skills (BSC304D)
- ➤ Electrical circuits and Network Skills(BSC404C)
- ➤ Basic Instrumentation Skills (BSC601D)
- ➤ Technical Drawing(BSC404D)
- ➤ Radiology and Safety(BSC501C)
- > Applied Optics(BSC601C)
- ➤ Weather Forecasting(BSC501D)

Chemistry

- ➤ Basic Analytical Chemistry(BSC304F)
- ➤ Chemical Technology & Society (BSC601E)
- ➤ Analytical Clinical Biochemistry(BSC404E)
- ➤ Green Methods in Chemistry(BSC404F)
- ➤ Pharmaceutical Chemistry (BSC304D)
- ➤ Chemistry of Cosmetics & Perfumes(BSC501E)
- ➤ Pesticide Chemistry (BSC501F)
- ➤ Fuel Chemistry (BSC601F)

MATHEMATICS

Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)

SEC 1 (choose one)

- ➤ Analytical Geometry(BSC304A)
- ➤ Integral Calculus (BSC304B)

SEC 2 (choose one)

- ➤ Vector Calculus (BSC404A)
- ➤ Theory of Equations(BSC404B)

SEC 3 (choose one)

- ➤ Probability and Statistics (BSC501A)
- ➤ Mathematical Modeling(BSC501B)

SEC 4 (choose one)

- > Transportation and Game Theory(BSC601A)
- ➤ Graph Theory(BSC601B)



Course Structure: Bachelor of Science (PCM)

FIRST SEMESTER

THEOR	THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Marks Allocation			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits	
BSC101	English	3	-	-	30	70	100	3	
BSC102	Mechanics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5	
BSC103	Atomic Structure, Bonding, General Organic Chemistry & Aliphatic hydrocarbons	5	-	-	30	70	100	5	
BSC104	Differential Calculus	6	-	-	30	70	100	6	
PRACTIO	CALS/VIVA-VOCE		f Tea Hour	ching	Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits	
BSC105	Mechanics Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2	
BSC106	Atomic Structure, Bonding, General Organic Chemistry & Aliphatic hydrocarbons Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2	
	TOTAL	19	-	8	180	320	500	23	

SECOND SEMESTER

THEORY	THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Marks Allocation			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits	
BSC201	Environmental Science	3	-	-	30	70	100	3	
BSC202	Electricity, Magnetism and EMT	5	-	-	30	70	100	5	
BSC203	Chemical energetic, Equilibria & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-I	5	-	-	30	70	100	5	
BSC204	Differential Equations	6	-	-	30	70	100	6	
PRACTIC	CALS/VIVA-VOCE	No. of Teaching Hours			Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits	
BSC205	Electricity, Magnetism and EMT Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2	
BSC206	Chemical energetic , Equilibria & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-I Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2	
	TOTAL	19		8	180	320	500	23	

THIRD SEMESTER

THEORY	THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Marks Allocation			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits	
BSC301	Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5	
BSC302	Solutions, Phase equilibria, Conductance, Electrochemistry & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-II	5	-	-	30	70	100	5	
BSC303	Real Analysis	6	-	-	30	70	100	6	
BSC304	SEC-1 (Choose any one)								
BSC304A	Analytical Geometry								
BSC304B	Integral Calculus								
BSC304C	Physics workshop skills	3	-	-	30	70	100	3	
BSC304D	Computational physics skills								
BSC304E	Pharmaceutical Chemistry								
BSC304F	Basic Analytical Chemistry)								
PRACTICA	ALS/VIVA-VOCE		f Tea Hour	ching s	Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits	
BSC305	Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2	
BSC306	Solutions, Phase equilibria, Conductance, Electrochemistry & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-II Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2	
	TOTAL	19	-	8	180	320	500	23	

FOURTH SEMESTER

THEORY	THEORY PAPERS		f Tea Hour	ching	Ma	on		
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits
BSC401	Waves and optics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC402	Transition Metal & Coordination Chemistry, states and matter Chemical kinetics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC403	Algebra	6	-	-	30	70	100	6
BSC404	SEC-2 (Choose any one)							
BSC404A	Vector Calculus							
BSC404B	Theory of Equations							
BSC404C	Electrical circuit & net work skills	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
BSC404D	Technical drawing							
BSC404E	Analytical Clinical Biochemistry							
BSC404F	Green Methods in Chemistry							
PRACTICA	ALS/VIVA-VOCE		f Tea Hour	ching	Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits
BSC405	Waves and optics Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC406	Transition Metal & Coordination Chemistry Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
	TOTAL	19	-	8	180	320	500	23

FIFTH SEMESTER

THEORY	THEORY PAPERS		of Tea	aching rs	Ma			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits
BSC501	SEC-3 (Choose any one)							
BSC501A	Probability and Statistics							
BSC501B	Mathematical Modelling							
BSC501C	Radiology & safety	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
BSC501D	Weather forecasting							
BSC501E	Chemistry of Cosmetics & Perfumes							
BSC501F	Pesticide Chemistry							
BSC502	DSE-1A (Choose any one)							
BSC502A	Matrices	6	_		30	70	100	6
BSC502B	Mechanics		-	_	30	70	100	0
BSC502C	Linear Algebra							
BSC503	DSE-2A (Choose any one)							
BSC503A	Analytical Methods in Chemistry							
BSC503B	Novel Inorganic Solids							
BSC503C	Organometallics, Bioinorganic chemistry, Polynuclear hydrocarbons and UV, IR Spectroscopy	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC503D	Chemistry of Main Group Elements, Theories of Acids and Bases							
BSC504	DSE-3A (Choose any one)							
BSC504A	Digital, Analog and Instrumentation							
BSC504B	Elements of Modern Physics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC504C	Mathematical Physics							
BSC504D	Solid State Physics							

PRACTICA	PRACTICALS/VIVA-VOCE		of Tea	aching rs	Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits
BSC505	DSE-2A (Choose any one)							
BSC505A	Analytical Methods in Chemistry Lab							
BSC505B	Novel Inorganic Solids Lab							
BSC505C	Organometallics, Bioinorganic chemistry ,Polynuclear hydrocarbons and UV ,IR Spectroscopy Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC505D	Chemistry of Main Group Elements, Theories of Acids and Bases Lab							
BSC506	DSE-3A (Choose any one)							
BSC506A	Digital, Analog and Instrumentation Lab							
BSC506B	Elements of Modern Physics Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC506C	Mathematical Physics Lab							
BSC506D	Solid State Physics Lab							
	TOTAL	19	-	8	180	320	500	23

SIXTH SEMESTER

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THEORY I	PAPERS	No.		aching	Ma	rks Allocati	on	
			Hou	rs				
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits
BSC601	SEC-4 (Choose any one)							
BSC601A	Transportation and Game Theory	=						
BSC601B	Graph Theory							
BSC601C	Applied optics	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
BSC601D	Basic instrumentation skills							
BSC601E	Chemical Technology & Society							
BSC601F	Fuel Chemistry							
BSC602	DSE-1B (Choose any one)							
BSC602A	Numerical Methods	6	-	-	30	70	100	6
BSC602B	Complex Analysis	-						
BSC602C	Linear Programming)							
BSC603	DSE-2B (Choose any one)	=						
BSC603A BSC603B	Polymer Chemistry Green Chemistry	-						
BSC603C	Instrumental Methods of Analysis	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC603D	Quantum Chemistry, Spectroscopy & Photochemistry	-						
BSC604	DSE-3B (Choose any one)							
BSC604A	Quantum Mechanics	1						
BSC604B	Embedded System: Introduction to microcontroller	5	2*	-	30	70	100	5 (+2*)
BSC604C	Nuclear and Particle Physics							
	(Theory + Tutorials 2*)							
BSC604D	Medical Physics							

PRACTICA	PRACTICALS/VIVA-VOCE		of Te	aching rs	Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits
BSC605	DSE-2B (Choose any one)							
BSC605A	Polymer Chemistry Lab							
BSC605B	Green Chemistry Lab		_	4	30	20	50	2
BSC605C	Instrumental Methods of Analysis Lab							
BSC605D	Quantum Chemistry, Spectroscopy & Photochemistry Lab							
BSC606	DSE-3B (Choose any one)							
BSC606A	Quantum Mechanics Lab		-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC606B	Embedded System: Introduction to microcontroller Lab							
BSC606D	Medical Physics Lab							
	TOTAL	19	-	8	180	320	500	23

FIRST SEMESTER

THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Ma			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits
BSC101	English	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
BSC102	Mechanics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC103	Atomic Structure, Bonding, General Organic Chemistry & Aliphatic hydrocarbons	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC104	Differential Calculus	6	-	-	30	70	100	6
PRACTIO	CALS/VIVA-VOCE	No. of Teaching Hours			Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits
BSC105	Mechanics Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC106	Atomic Structure, Bonding, General Organic Chemistry & Aliphatic hydrocarbons Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
	TOTAL		-	8	180	320	500	23

BSC101: GENERAL ENGLISH

Unit I: Grammar and Usage

- 1.Tense.
- 2. Modals.
- 3. Active & Passive voice.
- 4. Direct & Indirect Speech.

Unit II Elements of Communication

- 1. Communication: Meaning, Importance and Process
- 2. Verbal and Non- Verbal Communication
- 3. Barriers to Communication.
- 4. Qualities of good Communication

Unit III: Comprehension (Poetry)

- 1. Stopping by Woods on a Snowy Evening: Robert Frost
- 2. Song of Youth by Dr. A. P. J. Abdul Kalam
- 3. Where the Mind is Without Fear: Rabindra Nath Tagore
- 4. Abou Ben Adhem by Leigh Hunt

Unit: IV: Comprehension (Prose)

- 1. An Astrologer's Day: R. K. Narayan
- 2. The Gift of Magi: O. Henry
- 3. Of Studies: Francis Bacon
- 4. On the Rule of the Road: A.G. Gardiner

Unit V: Composition

- 1. Letter Writing: Formal and Informal
- 2. C. V. Writing.
- 3. E-Mails
- 4. Paragraph Writing

Recommended Books:

- 1. English for Competitive Examinations, Prof. R. P. Bhatnagar, Macmillan Publications.
- 2. "Current English Grammar and Usage with Composition" by R. P. Sinha, Oxford University Press (New Delhi).
- 3. Communication Skills by Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata. Oxford University Press (New Delhi)
- 4. Judith Leigh: C.Vs and Job Application. OUP. 2004.

BSC102: MECHANICS

Unit 1:

Vectors: Vector algebra. Scalar and vector products. Derivatives of a vector with respect to a parameter. Ordinary Differential Equations:1st order homogeneous differential equations. 2nd order homogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients.

Unit 2:

Laws of Motion: Frames of reference. Newton's Laws of motion. Dynamics of a system of particles. Centre of Mass. Momentum and Energy: Conservation of momentum. Work and energy. Conservation of energy. Motion of rockets. Rotational Motion: Angular velocity and angular momentum. Torque. Conservation of angular momentum.

Unit 3:

Gravitation: Newton's Law of Gravitation. Motion of a particle in a central force field (motion is in a plane, angular momentum is conserved, areal velocity is constant). Kepler's Laws (statement only). Satellite in circular orbit and applications. Geosynchronous orbits. Weightlessness. Basic idea of global positioning system (GPS). Oscillations: Simple harmonic motion. Differential equation of SHM and its solutions. Kinetic and Potential Energy, Total Energy and their time averages. Damped Oscillations.

Unit 4:

Elasticity: Hooke's law - Stress-strain diagram - Elastic moduli-Relation between elastic constants - Poisson's Ratio-Expression for Poisson's ratio in terms of elastic constants - Work done in stretching and work done in twisting a wire - Twisting couple on a cylinder - Determination of Rigidity modulus by static torsion - Torsional pendulum-Determination of Rigidity modulus and moment of inertia - q, η and ρ by Searles method.

Unit 5:

Special Theory of Relativity: Constancy of speed of light. Postulates of Special Theory of Relativity. Length contraction. Time dilation. Relativistic addition of velocities.

Reference Books:

- University Physics. F W Sears, M W Zemansky and HD Young13/e, 1986. Addison-Wesley
- 2. Mechanics Berkeley Physics course, v. 1: Charles Kittel, et. Al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Physics Resnick, Halliday & Walker 9/e, 2010, Wiley
- 4. Engineering Mechanics, Basudeb Bhattacharya, 2nd edn., 2015, Oxford University Press
- 5. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.

BSC103: ATOMIC STRUCTURE, BONDING, GENERAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY &

ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry-1

UNIT-I

Atomic Structure:

Review of: Bohr's theory and its limitations, dual behaviour of matter and radiation, de Broglie's

relation, Heisenberg Uncertainty principle. Hydrogen atom spectra. Need of a new approach to

Atomic structure.

Quantum Mechanics:

What is Quantum mechanics? Time independent Schrodinger equation and meaning of various

terms in it. Significance of ψ and ψ^2 , Schrödinger equation for hydrogen atom. Radial and

angular parts of the hydogenic wavefunctions (atomic orbitals) and their variations for 1s, 2s, 2p,

3s, 3p and 3d orbitals (Only graphical representation). Radial and angular nodes and their

significance. Radial distribution functions and the concept of the most probable distance with

special reference to 1s and 2s atomic orbitals. Significance of quantum numbers, orbital angular

momentum and quantum numbers m_l and m_s . Shapes of s, p and d atomic orbitals, nodal planes.

Discovery of spin, spin quantum number (s) and magnetic spin quantum number (ms). Rules for

filling electrons in various orbitals, Electronic configurations of the atoms. Stability of half-filled

and completely filled orbitals, concept of exchange energy. Relative energies of atomic orbitals,

Anomalous electronic configurations.

UNIT-II

Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure:

Ionic Bonding: General characteristics of ionic bonding. Energy considerations in ionic bonding,

lattice energy and solvation energy and their importance in the context of stability and solubility

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of ionic compounds. Statement of Born-Landé equation for calculation of lattice energy, Born-Haber cycle and its applications, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules, ionic character in covalent compounds, bond moment, dipole moment and percentage ionic character. *Covalent bonding:* VB Approach: Shapes of some inorganic molecules and ions on the basis of VSEPR and hybridization with suitable examples of linear, trigonal planar, square planar, tetrahedral, trigonal bipyramidal and octahedral arrangements. Concept of resonance and resonating structures in various inorganic and organic compounds.

UNIT-III

MO Approach: Rules for the LCAO method, bonding and antibonding MOs and their characteristics for *s-s*, *s-p* and *p-p* combinations of atomic orbitals, nonbonding combination of orbitals, MO treatment of homonuclear diatomic molecules of 1st and 2nd periods (including idea of *s-p* mixing) and heteronuclear diatomic molecules such as CO, NO and NO⁺. Comparison of VB and MO approaches.

Section B: Organic Chemistry-1

Stereochemistry:

Conformations with respect to ethane, butane and cyclohexane. Interconversion of Wedge Formula, Newmann, Sawhorse and Fischer representations. Concept of chirality (upto two carbon atoms). Configuration: Geometrical and Optical isomerism; Enantiomerism, Diastereomerism and Meso compounds). Threo and erythro; D and L; *cis - trans* nomenclature; CIP Rules: R/S (for upto 2 chiral carbon atoms) and E/Z Nomenclature (for upto two C=C systems).

UNIT-IV

Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry:

Physical Effects, Electronic Displacements: Inductive Effect, Electromeric Effect, Resonance and Hyperconjugation. Cleavage of Bonds: Homolysis and Heterolysis. Structure, shape and reactivity of organic molecules: Nucleophiles and electrophiles. Reactive Intermediates: Carbocations, Carbanions and free radicals. Strength of organic acids and bases: Comparative study with emphasis on factors affecting pK values. Aromaticity: Benzenoids and Hückel's rule.

UNIT-V

Aliphatic Hydrocarbons:

Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations & reactions) to be studied in context to their structure.

Alkanes: (Upto 5 Carbons).

Preparation: Catalytic hydrogenation, Wurtz reaction, Kolbe's synthesis, from Grignard reagent.

Reactions: Free radical Substitution: Halogenation.

Alkenes: (Upto 5 Carbons)

Preparation: Elimination reactions: Dehydration of alkenes and dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides (Saytzeff's rule); cis alkenes (Partial catalytic hydrogenation) and trans alkenes (Birch reduction).

Reactions: cisaddition (alk. KMnO4) and trans-addition (bromine), Addition of HX (Markownikoff's and anti-Markownikoff's addition), Hydration, Ozonolysis, oxymecuration-demercuration, Hydroboration-oxidation.

Alkynes: (Upto 5 Carbons)

Preparation: Acetylene from CaC₂ and conversion into higher alkynes; by dehalogenation of tetra halides and dehydrohalogenation of vicinal-dihalides.

Reactions: formation of metal acetylides, addition of bromine and alkaline KMnO4, ozonolysis and oxidation with hot alk. KMnO₄.

Reference Books:

- Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991.
- Cotton, F.A., Wilkinson, G. & Gaus, P.L. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, 3rd ed., Wiley.
- Douglas, B.E., McDaniel, D.H. & Alexander, J.J. Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons.
- ➤ Huheey, J.E., Keiter, E.A., Keiter, R.L. & Medhi, O.K. *Inorganic Chemistry:Principles of Structure and Reactivity*, Pearson Education India, 2006.
- ➤ Graham Solomon, T.W., Fryhle, C.B. & Dnyder, S.A. *Organic Chemistry*, John Wiley & Sons (2014).
- ➤ McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.
- ➤ Sykes, P. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988).
- Eliel, E.L. Stereochemistry of Carbon Compounds, Tata McGraw Hill education, 2000.
- Finar, I.L. Organic Chemistry (Vol. I & II), E.L.B.S.
- Morrison, R.T. & Boyd, R.N. *Organic Chemistry*, Pearson, 2010.
- ▶ Bahl, A. & Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.

BSC104: DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

Unit- I

Limit and Continuity (ϵ and δ definition), Types of discontinuities, Differentiability of functions, Successive differentiation, Leibnitz's theorem,

Unit- II

Tangents and normals, Curvature, Asymptotes, Singular points,

Unit-III

Tracing of curves. Parametric representation of curves and tracing of parametric curves, Polar coordinates and tracing of curves in polar coordinates.

Unit- IV

Rolle's theorem, Mean Value theorems, Taylor's theorem with Lagrange's and Cauchy's forms of remainder, Taylor's series, Maclaurin's series of sin x, cos x, ex, log(l+x), (l+x)m,

Unit- V

Partial differentiation, Euler's theorem on homogeneous functions. Maxima and Minima with several variables, Indeterminate forms.

Books Recommended

- 1. H. Anton, I. Birens and S. Davis, *Calculus*, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., 2002.
- 2. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, *Calculus*, Pearson Education, 2007.

BSC105: MECHANICS LAB

- 1. Measurements of length (or diameter) using vernier caliper, screw gauge and travelling microscope.
- 2. To determine the Height of a Building using a Sextant.
- 3. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel.
- 4. To determine the Young's Modulus of a Wire by Optical Lever Method.
- 5. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity of a Wire by Maxwell's needle.
- 6. To determine the Elastic Constants of a Wire by Searle's method.
- 7. To determine g by Bar Pendulum.
- 8. To determine g by Kater's Pendulum.
- 9. To determine **g** and velocity for a freely falling body using Digital Timing Technique
- 10. To study the Motion of a Spring and calculate (a) Spring Constant (b) Value of g

Reference Books:

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint and H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.
- 3. Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

BSC106: ATOMIC STRUCTURE, BONDING, GENERAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY & ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS LAB

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry - Volumetric Analysis

- 1. Estimation of sodium carbonate and sodium hydrogen carbonate present in a mixture.
- 2. Estimation of oxalic acid by titrating it with KMnO4.
- 3. Estimation of water of crystallization in Mohr's salt by titrating with KMnO4.
- 4. Estimation of Fe (II) ions by titrating it with K2Cr2O7 using internal indicator.
- 5. Estimation of Cu (II) ions iodometrically using Na2S2O3.

Section B: Organic Chemistry

- 1. Detection of extra elements (N, S, Cl, Br, I) in organic compounds (containing upto two extra elements)
- 2. Separation of mixtures by Chromatography: Measure the R_f value in each case (combination of two compounds to be given)
- (a) Identify and separate the components of a given mixture of two amino acids (glycine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, tyrosine or any other amino acid) by paper chromatography
- (b) Identify and separate the sugars present in the given mixture by paper chromatography.

Reference Books:

- > Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Pearson Education, 2012.
- Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009.
- ➤ Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
- Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. *Practical Organic Chemistry* Orient-Longman, 1960.

SECOND SEMESTER

THEORY	THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Marks Allocation			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits	
BSC201	Environmental Science	3	-	-	30	70	100	3	
BSC202	Electricity, Magnetism and EMT	5	-	-	30	70	100	5	
BSC203	Chemical energetic, Equilibria & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-I	5	-	-	30	70	100	5	
BSC204	Differential Equations	6	-	-	30	70	100	6	
PRACTIC	CALS/VIVA-VOCE	No. of Teaching Hours			Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits	
BSC205	Electricity, Magnetism and EMT Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2	
BSC206	Chemical energetic , Equilibria & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-I Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2	
	TOTAL	19		8	180	320	500	23	

BSC201: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Unit-1 Ecosystem: concepts and functions

Ecosystem- Definition and Introduction of Ecosystem- Abiotic and Biotic components, types of

Ecosystems, Structure and functions of Ecosystem-Food chain, Food web, Ecological pyramids,

Energy flow in Ecosystem.

Biodiversity- Definition, Type and levels of Biodiversity, Values, Threats of biodiversity

Conservation of biodiversity- In-situ and Ex-situ.

Unit -2 Natural Resources

Definition and classification of natural resources, Types and uses of renewable and non

renewable resources in India, potentials of resources in India.

Unit- 3 Environmental Pollution and Control measures

Causes, Effects and Control measures of: Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine

pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, and Nuclear Hazards.

Disaster management: Floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

Unit -4 Solid Waste Management

Introduction, Classification of solid waste, Composition and characteristics of solid waste,

collection, conveyance and disposal methods of solid waste, Reuse, Recycle and Recovery of

waste

Unit-5 Social Issues and Environment

Sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, Water conservation, Rain water

harvesting water shed management, Resettlement and rehabilitation Public awareness and

Environmental Education. Environment Protection Act- 1986, Air (Prevention and Control of

Pollution) Act, Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act, Wildlife Protection Act, Forest

conservation Act.

28

Recommended Reference Books:

- 1. Brunner R.C., Hazardous Waste Incineration, McGraw Hill Inc. 1989.
- 2. Clark R.S., Marine Pollution, Clanderson Press Oxford (TB).
- 3. Cunningham, W.P, Cooper, T.H. Gorhani, E & Hepworth, M.T., Environmental Encycolopedia, Jaico Publishing House, Mubmbi, 2001.
- 4. De. A.K., Environmental Chemistry, Wiley Eastern Ltd.
- 5. Agarwal, K.C. 2001 Environmental Biology, Nidhi Publ. Ltd. Bikaner.
- 6. Sharma B.K., 2001. Environmental Chemistry. Geol Publ. House, Meerut.
- 7. Odum, E.P. 1971. Fundamentals of Ecology. W.B. Saunders Co. USA, 574p.

BSC202: ELECTRICITY, MAGNETISM AND EMT

Unit 1:

Vector Analysis: Review of vector algebra (Scalar and Vector product), gradient, divergence,

Curl and their significance, Vector Integration, Line, surface and volume integrals of Vector

fields, Gauss-divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem of vectors (statement only).

Unit 2:

Electrostatics: Electrostatic Field, electric flux, Gauss's theorem of electrostatics. Applications

of Gauss theorem- Electric field due to point charge, infinite line of charge, uniformly charged

spherical shell and solid sphere, plane charged sheet, charged conductor. Electric potential as line

integral of electric field, potential due to a point charge, electric dipole, uniformly charged

spherical shell and solid sphere. Calculation of electric field from potential. Capacitance of an

isolated spherical conductor. Parallel plate, spherical and cylindrical condenser. Energy per unit

volume in electrostatic field. Dielectric medium, Polarisation, Displacement vector. Gauss's

theorem in dielectrics. Parallel plate capacitor completely filled with dielectric.

Unit 3:

Magnetism: Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's law & its applications- straight conductor, circular

coil, solenoid carrying current. Divergence and curl of magnetic field. Magnetic vector

potential. Ampere's circuital law. Magnetic properties of materials: Magnetic intensity, magnetic

induction, permeability, magnetic susceptibility. Brief introduction of dia-, para- and ferro-

magnetic materials.

Unit 4:

Electromagnetic Induction: Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law,

self and mutual inductance, L of single coil, M of two coils. Energy stored in magnetic field.

Unit 5:

Maxwell's equations and Electromagnetic wave propagation: Equation of continuity

30

of current, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations, Poynting vector, energy density in electromagnetic field, electromagnetic wave propagation through vacuum and isotropic dielectric medium, transverse nature of EM waves, polarization.

Reference Books:

- 1. Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986, McGraw-Hill Education..
- 2. Electricity and Magnetism, J.H. Fewkes & J. Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ. Press.
- 3. Electricity and Magnetism, D C Tayal, 1988, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- D.J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3rd Edn, 1998, Benjamin Cummings.

BSC203: CHEMICAL ENERGETIC, EQUILIBRIA & FUNCTIONAL GROUP

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I

Section A: Physical Chemistry-1

UNIT-I

Chemical Energetics:

Review of thermodynamics and the Laws of Thermodynamics. Important principles and

definitions of thermochemistry. Concept of standard state and standard enthalpies of formations,

integral and differential enthalpies of solution and dilution. Calculation of bond energy, bond

dissociation energy and resonance energy from thermochemical data. Variation of enthalpy of a

reaction with temperature – Kirchhoff's equation. Statement of Third Law of thermodynamics

and calculation of absolute entropies of substances.

Chemical Equilibrium:

Free energy change in a chemical reaction. Thermodynamic derivation of the law of chemical

equilibrium. Distinction between ΔG and ΔG o, Le Chatelier's principle. Relationships between

Kp, Kc and *Kx* for reactions involving ideal gases.

UNIT-II

Ionic Equilibria:

Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, factors affecting degree of

ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases,

pH scale, common ion effect. Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of

hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer solutions. Solubility and solubility product of

sparingly soluble salts – applications of solubility product principle.

Section B: Organic Chemistry-2

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Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations & reactions) to be studied in

context to their structure.

UNIT-III

Aromatic hydrocarbons:

Preparation (Case benzene): from phenol, by decarboxylation, from acetylene, from benzene

sulphonic acid.

Reactions: (Case benzene): Electrophilic substitution: nitration, halogenation and sulphonation.

Friedel-Craft's reaction (alkylation and acylation) (upto 4 carbons on benzene). Side chain

oxidation of alkyl benzenes (upto 4 carbons on benzene).

Alkyl and Aryl Halides:

Alkyl Halides: (Upto 5 Carbons)

Types of Nucleophilic Substitution (SN₁, SN₂ and SN_i) reactions.

Preparation: from alkenes and alcohols.

Reactions: hydrolysis, nitrite & nitro formation, nitrile & isonitrile formation. Williamson's ether

synthesis: Elimination v/s substitution.

Aryl Halides:

Preparation: (Chloro, bromo and iodo-benzene case): from phenol, Sandmeyer & Gattermann

reactions.

Reactions (Chlorobenzene): Aromatic nucleophilic substitution (replacement by –OH group) and

effect of nitro substituent. Benzyne Mechanism: KNH₂/NH₃ (or NaNH₂/NH₃). Reactivity and

Relative strength of C-Halogen bond in alkyl, allyl, benzyl, vinyl and aryl halides.

UNIT-IV

Alcohols, Phenols and Ethers (Upto 5 Carbons)

Alcohols:

33

Preparation: Preparation of 10, 20 and 30 alcohols: using Grignard reagent, Ester hydrolysis, Reduction of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acid and esters.

Reactions: With sodium, HX (Lucas test), esterification, oxidation (with PCC, alk. KMnO4, acidic dichromate, conc. HNO3). Oppeneauer oxidation *Diols:* (Upto 6 Carbons) oxidation of diols. Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement.

Phenols: (Phenol case)

Preparation: Cumene hydroperoxide method, from diazonium salts.

Reactions: Electrophilic substitution: Nitration, halogenation and sulphonation. Reimer-Tiemann Reaction, Gattermann-Koch Reaction, Houben-Hoesch Condensation, Schotten – Baumann Reaction.

Ethers (aliphatic and aromatic): Cleavage of ethers with HI.

UNIT-V

Aldehydes and ketones (aliphatic and aromatic): (Formaldehye, acetaldehyde, acetone and benzaldehyde)

Preparation: from acid chlorides and from nitriles.

Reactions – Reaction with HCN, ROH, NaHSO₃, NH₂-G derivatives. Iodoform test. Aldol Condensation, Cannizzaro's reaction, Wittig reaction, Benzoin condensation. Clemensen reduction and Wolff Kishner reduction. Meerwein-Pondorff Verley reduction.

Reference Books:

- Graham Solomon, T.W., Fryhle, C.B. & Dnyder, S.A. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons (2014).
- ➤ McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.

- ➤ Sykes, P. A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman, New Delhi (1988).
- Finar, I.L. Organic Chemistry (Vol. I & II), E.L.B.S.
- Morrison, R.T. & Boyd, R.N. Organic Chemistry, Pearson, 2010.
- ▶ Bahl, A. & Bahl, B.S. Advanced Organic Chemistry, S. Chand, 2010.
- ➤ Barrow, G.M. *Physical Chemistry* Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- Castellan, G.W. *Physical Chemistry* 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- ➤ Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. *General Chemistry* Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009).
- Mahan, B.H. *University Chemistry* 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry 5th Ed. Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).

BSC204: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Unit- I

First order exact differential equations. Integrating factors, rules to find an integrating factor. First order higher degree equations solvable for x, y, p.

Unit-II

Methods for solving, higher-order differential equations. Basic theory of linear differential equations, Wronskian, and its properties. Solving a differential equation by reducing its order.

Unit- III

Linear homogenous equations with constant coefficients, Linear non-homogenous equations, The method of variation of parameters, The Cauchy-Euler equation, Simultaneous differential equations, Total differential equations.

Unit-IV

Order and degree of partial differential equations, Concept of linear and non-linear partial differential equations, Formation of first order partial differential equations, Linear partial differential equation of first order, Lagrange's method, Charpit's method.

Unit- V

Classification of second order partial differential equations into elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic through illustrations only.

Books Recommended

- 1. Shepley L. Ross, *Differential Equations*, 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, 1984.
- 2. I. Sneddon, *Elements of Partial Differential Equations*, McGraw-Hill, International Edition, 1967.

BSC205: ELECTRICITY, MAGNETISM AND EMTLAB

- 1. To use a Multimeter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c) DC Current, and (d) checking electrical fuses.
- 2. Ballistic Galvanometer:
 - (i) Measurement of charge and current sensitivity
 - (ii) Measurement of CDR
 - (iii) Determine a high resistance by Leakage Method
 - (iv) To determine Self Inductance of a Coil by Rayleigh's Method.
- 3. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
- 4. Measurement of field strength B and its variation in a Solenoid (Determine dB/dx).
- 5. To study the Characteristics of a Series RC Circuit.
- 6. To study the a series LCR circuit and determine its (a) Resonant Frequency, (b) Quality Factor
- 7. To study a parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Anti-resonant frequency and (b) Quality factor O
- 8. To determine a Low Resistance by Carey Foster's Bridge.
- 9. To verify the Thevenin and Norton theorem
- 10. To verify the Superposition, and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint & H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
- 3. Engineering Practical Physics, S.Panigrahi & B.Mallick,2015, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers

BSC206: CHEMICAL ENERGETICS, EQUILIBRIA & FUNCTIONAL ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I LAB

Section A: Physical Chemistry

Thermochemistry

- 1. Determination of heat capacity of calorimeter for different volumes.
- 2. Determination of enthalpy of neutralization of hydrochloric acid with sodium hydroxide.
- 3. Determination of enthalpy of ionization of acetic acid.
- 4. Determination of integral enthalpy of solution of salts (KNO₃, NH₄Cl).
- 5. Determination of enthalpy of hydration of copper sulphate.
- 6. Study of the solubility of benzoic acid in water and determination of ΔH .

Ionic equilibria

pH measurements

- a) Measurement of pH of different solutions like aerated drinks, fruit juices, shampoos and soaps (use dilute solutions of soaps and shampoos to prevent damage to the glass electrode) using pH-meter.
- b) Preparation of buffer solutions:
- (i) Sodium acetate-acetic acid
- (ii) Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide

Measurement of the pH of buffer solutions and comparison of the values with theoretical values.

Section B: Organic Chemistry

- 1. Purification of organic compounds by crystallization (from water and alcohol) and distillation.
- 2. Criteria of Purity: Determination of melting and boiling points.
- 3. Preparations: Mechanism of various reactions involved to be discussed.

Recrystallisation, determination of melting point and calculation of quantitative yields to be done.

- (a) Bromination of Phenol/Aniline
- (b) Benzoylation of amines/phenols
- (c) Oxime and 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone of aldehyde/ketone

- ➤ Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
- Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry Orient-Longman, 1960.
- Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).

THIRD SEMESTER

THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Marks Allocation			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	Т	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits
BSC301	Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC302	Solutions, Phase equilibria, Conductance, Electrochemistry & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-II	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC303	Real Analysis	6	-	-	30	70	100	6
BSC304	SEC-1 (Choose any one)							
BSC304A	Analytical Geometry							
BSC304B	Integral Calculus							
BSC304C	Physics workshop skills	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
BSC304D	Computational physics skills							
BSC304E	Pharmaceutical Chemistry							
BSC304F	Basic Analytical Chemistry)							
PRACTICALS/VIVA-VOCE		No. of Teaching Hours		Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits	
BSC305	Thermal Physics and Statistical Mechanics Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC306	Solutions, Phase equilibria, Conductance, Electrochemistry & Functional Group Organic Chemistry-II Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
TOTAL		19	-	8	180	320	500	23

BSC301: THERMAL PHYSICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

Unit 1:

Laws of Thermodynamics: Thermodynamic Description of system: Zeroth Law of thermodynamics and temperature. First law and internal energy, conversion of heat into work, Various Thermodynamical Processes, Applications of First Law: General Relation between CP & CV, Work Done during Isothermal and Adiabatic Processes, Compressibility & Expansion Coefficient, Reversible & irreversible processes, Second law & Entropy, Carnot's cycle & theorem, Entropy changes in reversible & irreversible processes, Entropy-temperature diagrams, Third law of thermodynamics, Unattainability of absolute zero.

Unit II:

Thermodynamic Potentials: Enthalpy, Gibbs, Helmholtz and Internal Energy functions, Maxwell's relations & applications - Joule-Thompson Effect, Clausius- Clapeyron Equation, Expression for (CP – CV), CP/CV, TdS equations.

Unit III:

Kinetic Theory of Gases: Derivation of Maxwell's law of distribution of velocities and its experimental verification, Mean free path (Zeroth Order), Transport Phenomena: Viscosity, Conduction and Diffusion (for vertical case), Law of equipartition of energy (no derivation) and its applications to specific heat of gases; mono-atomic and diatomic gases.

Unit IV:

Theory of Radiation: Blackbody radiation, Spectral distribution, Concept of Energy Density, Derivation of Planck's law, Deduction of Wien's distribution law, Rayleigh- Jeans Law, Stefan Boltzmann Law and Wien's displacement law from Planck's law.

Unit V:

Statistical Mechanics: Phase space, Macrostate and Microstate, Entropy and Thermodynamic probability, Maxwell-Boltzmann law - distribution of velocity - Quantum statistics - Fermi-Dirac distribution law - electron gas - Bose-Einstein distribution law - photon gas - comparison of three statistics.

- 1. Thermal Physics, S. Garg, R. Bansal and C. Ghosh, 1993, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. A Treatise on Heat, Meghnad Saha, and B.N. Srivastava, 1969, Indian Press.
- 3. Thermodynamics, Enrico Fermi, 1956, Courier Dover Publications.
- 4. Heat and Thermodynamics, M.W.Zemasky and R. Dittman, 1981, McGraw Hill
- 5. Thermodynamics, Kinetic theory & Statistical thermodynamics, F.W.Sears & G.L.Salinger. 1988, Narosa
- 6. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- 7. Thermal Physics, A. Kumar and S.P. Taneja, 2014, R. chand Publications.

BSC302: SOLUTIONS, PHASE EQUILIBRIA, CONDUCTANCE ELECTROCHEMISTRY & FUNCTIONAL GROUP ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

Section A: Physical Chemistry-2

UNIT-I

Solutions:

Thermodynamics of ideal solutions: Ideal solutions and Raoult's law, deviations from Raoult's law – non-ideal solutions. Vapour pressure-composition and temperaturecomposition curves of ideal and non-ideal solutions. Distillation of solutions. Lever rule. Azeotropes. Partial miscibility of liquids: Critical solution temperature; effect of impurity on partial miscibility of liquids. Immiscibility of liquids- Principle of steam distillation. Nernst distribution law and its applications, solvent extraction.

Phase Equilibrium:

Phases, components and degrees of freedom of a system, criteria of phase equilibrium. Gibbs Phase Rule and its thermodynamic derivation. Derivation of Clausius – Clapeyron equation and its importance in phase equilibria. Phase diagrams of one-component systems (water and sulphur) and two component systems involving eutectics, congruent and incongruent melting points (lead-silver, FeCl₃-H₂O and Na-K only).

UNIT-II

Conductance:

Conductivity, equivalent and molar conductivity and their variation with dilution for weak and strong electrolytes. Kohlrausch law of independent migration of ions. Transference number and its experimental determination using Hittorf and Moving boundary methods. Ionic mobility. Applications of conductance measurements: determination of degree of ionization of weak

electrolyte, solubility and solubility products of sparingly soluble salts, ionic product of water,

hydrolysis constant of a salt. Conductometric titrations (only acid-base).

Electrochemistry:

Reversible and irreversible cells. Concept of EMF of a cell. Measurement of EMF of a cell.

Nernst equation and its importance. Types of electrodes. Standard electrode potential.

Electrochemical series. Thermodynamics of a reversible cell, calculation of thermodynamic

properties: ΔG , ΔH and ΔS from EMF data. Calculation of equilibrium constant from EMF data.

Concentration cells with transference and without transference. Liquid junction potential and salt

bridge. pH determination using hydrogen electrode and quinhydrone electrode. Potentiometric

titrations -qualitative treatment (acid-base and oxidation-reduction only).

Section B: Organic Chemistry-3

Functional group approach for the following reactions (preparations & reactions) to

be studied in context to their structure.

UNIT-III

Carboxylic acids and their derivatives Carboxylic acids (aliphatic and aromatic)

Preparation: Acidic and Alkaline hydrolysis of esters.

Reactions: Hell – Vohlard - Zelinsky Reaction.

Carboxylic acid derivatives (aliphatic): (Upto 5 carbons)

Preparation: Acid chlorides, Anhydrides, Esters and Amides from acids and their

interconversion.

Reactions: Comparative study of nucleophilicity of acyl derivatives. Reformatsky Reaction,

Perkin condensation.

UNIT-IV

Amines and Diazonium Salts

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Amines (Aliphatic and Aromatic): (Upto 5 carbons)

Preparation: from alkyl halides, Gabriel's Phthalimide synthesis, Hofmann Bromamide reaction.

Reactions: Hofmann vs. Saytzeff elimination, Carbylamine test, Hinsberg test, with HNO₂,

Schotten – Baumann Reaction. Electrophilic substitution (case aniline): nitration, bromination,

sulphonation.

Diazonium salts:

Preparation: from aromatic amines.

Reactions: conversion to benzene, phenol, dyes.

UNIT-V

Amino Acids, Peptides and Proteins:

Preparation of Amino Acids: Strecker synthesis using Gabriel's phthalimide synthesis.

Zwitterion, Isoelectric point and Electrophoresis.

Reactions of Amino acids: ester of -COOH group, acetylation of -NH₂ group, complexation with

Cu2+ ions, ninhydrin test.

Overview of Primary, Secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary Structure of proteins. Determination

of Primary structure of Peptides by degradation Edmann degradation (N-terminal) and C-

terminal (thiohydantoin and with carboxypeptidase enzyme). Synthesis of simple peptides (upto

dipeptides) by N-protection (t-butyloxycarbonyl and phthaloyl) & C-activating groups and

Merrifield solid-phase synthesis.

Carbohydrates: Classification, and General Properties, Glucose and Fructose (open chain and

cyclic structure), Determination of configuration of monosaccharides, absolute configuration of

Glucose and Fructose, Mutarotation, ascending and descending in monosaccharides. Structure of

disacharrides (sucrose, cellobiose, maltose, lactose) and polysacharrides (starch and cellulose)

excluding their structure elucidation.

45

- ➤ Barrow, G.M. *Physical Chemistry* Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).
- Castellan, G.W. *Physical Chemistry* 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- ➤ Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. *General Chemistry*, Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi (2009).
- Mahan, B.H. *University Chemistry*, 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry, 5th Ed., Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- ➤ Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. *Organic Chemistry*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- Finar, I. L. *Organic Chemistry (Volume 1)*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- Finar, I. L. *Organic Chemistry (Volume 2)*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- ➤ Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M. M. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
- ➤ Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. & Stryer, L. *Biochemistry*, W.H. Freeman, 2002.

BSC303: REAL ANALYSIS

Unit- I

Finite and infinite sets, examples of countable and uncountable sets. Real line, bounded sets, suprema and infima, completeness property of R, Archimedean property of R, intervals. Concept of cluster points and statement of Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem.

Unit- II

Real Sequence, Bounded sequence, Cauchy convergence criterion for sequences. Cauchy's theorem on limits, order preservation and squeeze theorem, monotone sequences and their convergence (monotone convergence theorem without proof).

Unit-III

Integration. The Riemann Integral and its properties. Integrability of continuous and monotonic functions. Functions of bounded variation, their relation with monotonic functions, and integrability. The fundamental theorem of calculus. Mean value theorems of integral calculus. Convergence of improper integrals. Infinite series. Cauchy convergence criterion for series, positive term series, geometric series,

Unit- IV

comparison test, convergence of p-series, Root test, Ratio test, alternating series, Leibnitz's test (Tests of Convergence without proof). Definition and examples of absolute and conditional convergence.

Unit- V

Sequences and series of functions, Pointwise and uniform convergence. Mn-test, M test, Statements of the results about uniform convergence and integrability and differentiability of functions, Power series and radius of convergence.

- 1. T. M. Apostol, *Calculus* (Vol. I), John Wiley and Sons (Asia) P. Ltd., 2002.
- 2. R.G. Bartle and D. R Sherbert, *Introduction to Real Analysis*, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) P. Ltd., 2000.
- 3. E. Fischer, Intermediate Real Analysis, Springer Verlag, 1983.
- 4. K.A. Ross, *Elementary Analysis- The Theory of Calculus Series-* Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer Verlag, 2003.

BSC304A: ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY

Unit I

Analytical geometry of three dimensions. Direction cosines.

Unit II

Straight line. Plane.

Unit III

Sphere. Cone. Cylinder.

Unit IV

Techniques for sketching parabola, ellipse and hyperbola.

Unit V

Classification of quadratic equations representing lines, parabola, ellipse and hyperbola. Spheres, Cylindrical surfaces.

- 1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, *Calculus*, 9th Ed., Pearson Education, Delhi, 2005.
- 2. H. Anton, I. Bivens and S. Davis, *Calculus*, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., 2002.
- 3. S.L. Loney, *The Elements of Coordinate Geometry*, McMillan and Company, London.
- 4. R.J.T. Bill, *Elementary Treatise on Coordinate Geometry of Three Dimensions*, McMillan India Ltd., 1994.

BSC304B: INTEGRAL CALCULUS

Unit I

Integration by Partial fractions, integration of rational and irrational functions. Properties of definite integrals.

Unit II

Reduction formulae for integrals of rational, trigonometric.

Unit III

Areas and lengths of curves in the plane,

Unit IV

volumes and surfaces of solids of revolution.

Unit V

Double and Triple integrals.

- 1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus, 9th Ed., Pearson Education, Delhi, 2005.
- 2. H. Anton, I. Bivens and S. Davis, *Calculus*, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) P. Ltd., 2002.

BSC304C: PHYSICS WORKSHOP SKILLS

Unit 1: Introduction: Measuring units. conversion to SI and CGS. Familiarization with meter scale, Vernier calliper, Screw gauge and their utility. Measure the dimension of a solid block, volume of cylindrical beaker/glass, diameter of a thin wire, thickness of metal sheet, etc.

Unit 2: Mechanical Skill: Concept of workshop practice. Overview of manufacturing methods: casting, foundry, machining, forming and welding. Types of welding joints and welding defects. Common materials used for manufacturing like steel, copper, iron, metal sheets, composites and alloy, wood. Concept of machine processing.

Unit 3: Cutting tools, lubricating oils. Cutting of a metal sheet using blade. Smoothening of cutting edge of sheet using file. Drilling of holes of different diameter in metal sheet and wooden block.

Unit 4: Electrical and Electronic Skill: Use of Multimeter. Soldering of electrical circuits having discrete components (R, L, C, diode) and ICs on PCB.

Unit 5: Introduction to prime movers: Mechanism, gear system, wheel, Fixing of gears with motor axel. Lever mechanism.

- 1. A text book in Electrical Technology B L Theraja S. Chand and Company.
- 2. Performance and design of AC machines M.G. Say, ELBS Edn.
- 3. Mechanical workshop practice, K.C. John, 2010, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Workshop Processes, Practices and Materials, Bruce J Black 2005, 3rd Edn., Editor Newnes [ISBN: 0750660732]
- 5. New Engineering Technology, Lawrence Smyth/Liam Hennessy, The Educational Company of Ireland [ISBN: 0861674480]

BSC304D: COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS SKILLS

Unit I: Introduction: Importance of computers in Physics, paradigm for solving physics problems for solution. Usage of linux as an Editor. **Algorithms and Flowcharts:** Algorithm: Definition, properties and development. Flowchart: Concept of flowchart, symbols, guidelines, types. Examples: Cartesian to Spherical Polar Coordinates, Roots of Quadratic Equation, Sum of two matrices, Sum and Product of a finite series, calculation of sin (x) as a series.

Unit II: Scientific Programming: Some fundamental Linux Commands (Internal and External commands). Development of FORTRAN, Basic elements of FORTRAN: Character Set, Constants and their types, Variables and their types, Keywords, Variable Declaration and concept of instruction and program. Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical and Assignment Operators. Expressions: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Character and Assignment Expressions. Fortran Statements: I/O Statements (unformatted/formatted).

Unit III: Control Statements: Types of Logic (Sequential, Selection, Repetition), Branching Statements (Logical IF, Arithmetic IF, Block IF, Nested Block IF, SELECT CASE and ELSE IF Ladder statements), Looping Statements (DO-CONTINUE, DO-ENDDO, DOWHILE, Implied and Nested DO Loops), Jumping Statements (Unconditional GOTO, Computed GOTO, Assigned GOTO) Subscripted Variables (Arrays: Types of Arrays, DIMENSION Statement, Reading and Writing Arrays), Functions and Subroutines (Arithmetic Statement Function, Function Subprogram and Subroutine), RETURN, CALL, COMMON and EQUIVALENCE Statements), Structure, Disk I/O Statements, open a file, writing in a file, reading from a file. Examples from physics problems. (6 Lectures)

Unit IV: Scientific word processing: Introduction to LaTeX: TeX/LaTeX word processor, preparing a basic LaTeX file, Document classes, Preparing an input file for LaTeX, Compiling LaTeX File, LaTeX tags for creating different environments, Defining LaTeX commands and environments, Changing the type style, Symbols from other languages.

Equation representation: Formulae and equations.

Unit V: Visualization: Introduction to graphical analysis and its limitations. Introduction to Gnuplot. importance of visualization of computational and computational data, basic Gnuplot commands: simple plots, plotting data from a file, saving and exporting, multiple data sets per file, physics with Gnuplot (equations, building functions, user defined variables and functions), Understanding data with Gnuplot

- 1. Introduction to Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, 5th Edn., 2012, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Computer Programming in Fortran 77". V. Rajaraman (Publisher:PHI).
- 3. LaTeX-A Document Preparation System", Leslie Lamport (Second Edition, Addison-Wesley, 1994).
- 4. Gnuplot in action: understanding data with graphs, Philip K Janert, (Manning 2010)
- 5. Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Programming with Fortran, S Lipsdutz and A Poe, 1986Mc-Graw Hill Book Co.
- 6. Computational Physics: An Introduction, R. C. Verma, et al. New Age International Publishers, New Delhi(1999)
- 7. A first course in Numerical Methods, U.M. Ascher and C. Greif, 2012, PHI Learning
- 8. Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3 r d Edn., 2007, Wiley India Edition.

BSC304E: PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY

Unit-I

Drugs & Pharmaceuticals: Drug discovery, design and development; Basic Retrosynthetic approach.

UNIT-II

Synthesis of the representative drugs of the following classes: antibiotics (Chloramphenicol); antibacterial and antifungal agents.

UNIT-III

Synthesis of the representative drugs of the following classes: Central Nervous System agents (Phenobarbital, Diazepam).

UNIT-IV

Fermentation

Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Production of (i) Ethyl alcohol and citric acid, (ii) Antibiotics; Penicillin, Cephalosporin, Chloromycetin and Streptomycin,

UNIT-V

Aerobic and anaerobic fermentation. Production of Lysine, Glutamic acid, Vitamin B₂, Vitamin B12 and Vitamin C.

- > G.L. Patrick: Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry, Oxford University Press, UK.
- ➤ Hakishan, V.K. Kapoor: *Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry*, Vallabh Prakashan, Pitampura, New Delhi.
- William O. Foye, Thomas L., Lemke, David A. William: Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, B.I. Waverly Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

BSC304F: BASIC ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

Introduction: Introduction to Analytical Chemistry and its interdisciplinary nature. Concept of sampling. Importance of accuracy, precision and sources of error in analytical measurements.

UNIT-II

Analysis of soil: Composition of soil, Concept of pH and pH measurement, Complexometric titrations, Chelation, Chelating agents, use of indicators a. Determination of pH of soil samples. b.

UNIT-III

Analysis of water: Definition of pure water, sources responsible for contaminating water, water sampling methods, water purification methods.

- a. Determination of pH, acidity and alkalinity of a water sample.
- b. Determination of dissolved oxygen (DO) of a water sample.

UNIT-IV

Chromatography: Definition, general introduction on principles of chromatography, paper chromatography, TLC etc.

- a. Paper chromatographic separation of mixture of metal ion (Fe³⁺ and Al³⁺).
- b. To compare paint samples by TLC method.

UNIT-V

Analysis of cosmetics: Major and minor constituents and their function

a. Analysis of deodorants and antiperspirants, Al, Zn, boric acid, chloride, sulphate.

b. Determination of constituents of talcum powder: Magnesium oxide, Calcium oxide, Zinc oxide and Calcium carbonate by complexometric titration.

- Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. *Instrumental Methods of Analysis*.
 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Co. Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- ➤ Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. *Principles of Instrumental Analysis*, Cengage Learning India Ed.
- ➤ Skoog, D.A.; West, D.M. & Holler, F.J. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry 6th Ed., Saunders College Publishing, Fort Worth (1992).
- Harris, D. C. *Quantitative Chemical Analysis*, W. H. Freeman.
- ➤ Dean, J. A. Analytical Chemistry Notebook, McGraw Hill.
- Day, R. A. & Underwood, A. L. *Quantitative Analysis*, Prentice Hall of India.
- Freifelder, D. *Physical Biochemistry 2nd Ed.*, W.H. Freeman and Co., N.Y. USA (1982).
- Cooper, T.G. *The Tools of Biochemistry*, John Wiley and Sons, N.Y. USA. (1977).
- ➤ Vogel, A. I. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis 7th Ed., Prentice Hall.
- ➤ Vogel, A. I. Vogel's *Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed.*, Prentice Hall.
- ➤ Robinson, J.W. *Undergraduate Instrumental Analysis 5th Ed.*, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York (1995).

BSC305: THERMAL PHYSICS AND STATISTICAL MECHANICSLAB

- 1. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and Barne's constant flow method
- 2. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation.
- 3. To determine Stefan's Constant.
- 4. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of copper by Searle's Apparatus.
- 5. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom's Method.
- 6. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.
- 7. To determine the temperature co-efficient of resistance by Platinum resistance thermometer.
- 8. To study the variation of thermo emf across two junctions of a thermocouple with temperature.
- 9. To record and analyze the cooling temperature of an hot object as a function of time using a thermocouple and suitable data acquisition system
- 10. To calibrate Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) using Null Method/Off-Balance Bridge

- 1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L.Flint & H.T.Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
- 4. A Laboratory Manual of Physics for Undergraduate Classes, D.P. Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Publication.

BSC306: SOLUTIONS, PHASE EQUILIBRIA, CONDUCTANCE, ELECTROCHEMISTRY & CHEMSITRY-II LAB

Section A: Physical Chemistry

Distribution

Study of the equilibrium of one of the following reactions by the distribution method:

$$I_2(aq) + I^-(aq) \square I^{3-}(aq)$$

$$\operatorname{Cu}^{2+}(\operatorname{aq}) + x\operatorname{NH}_2(\operatorname{aq}) \ \Box \ \left[\operatorname{Cu}(\operatorname{NH}_3)_x\right]^{2+}$$

Phase equilibria

- a) Construction of the phase diagram of a binary system (simple eutectic) using cooling curves.
- b) Determination of the critical solution temperature and composition of the phenol water system and study of the effect of impurities on it.
- c) Study of the variation of mutual solubility temperature with concentration for the phenol water system and determination of the critical solubility temperature.

Conductance

- I. Determination of cell constant
- II. Determination of equivalent conductance, degree of dissociation and dissociation constant of a weak acid
- III. Perform the following conductometric titrations:
- i. Strong acid vs. strong base
- ii. Weak acid vs. strong base

Potentiometry

Perform the following potentiometric titrations:

- i. Strong acid vs. strong base
- ii. Weak acid vs. strong base

iii. Potassium dichromate vs. Mohr's salt

Section B: Organic Chemistry

I Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis of Organic Compounds possessing monofunctional groups (-COOH, phenolic, aldehydic, ketonic, amide, nitro, amines) and preparation of one derivative.

II

- 1. Separation of amino acids by paper chromatography
- 2. Determination of the concentration of glycine solution by formylation method.
- 3. Titration curve of glycine
- 4. Action of salivary amylase on starch
- 5. Effect of temperature on the action of salivary amylase on starch.
- 6. Differentiation between a reducing and a nonreducing sugar.

- ➤ Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
- Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. *Practical Organic Chemistry* Orient-Longman, 1960.
- Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
- ➤ Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry,
 Universities Press.

FOURTH SEMESTER

THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Marks Allocation			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits
BSC401	Waves and optics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC402	Transition Metal & Coordination Chemistry, states and matter Chemical kinetics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC403	Algebra	6	-	-	30	70	100	6
BSC404	SEC-2 (Choose any one)							
BSC404A	Vector Calculus							
BSC404B	Theory of Equations							
BSC404C	Electrical circuit & net work skills	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
BSC404D	Technical drawing							
BSC404E	Analytical Clinical Biochemistry							
BSC404F	Green Methods in Chemistry							
PRACTICALS/VIVA-VOCE		No. of Teaching Hours			Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits
BSC405	Waves and optics Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC406	Transition Metal & Coordination Chemistry Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
TOTAL		19	-	8	180	320	500	23

BSC401: WAVES AND OPTICS

Unit 1:

Superposition of Two Collinear Harmonic oscillations: Linearity and Superposition Principle.

(1) Oscillations having equal frequencies and (2) Oscillations having different frequencies (Beats). **Superposition of Two Perpendicular Harmonic Oscillations**: Graphical and Analytical Methods. Lissajous Figures with equal an unequal frequency and their uses.

Waves Motion- General: Transverse waves on a string. Travelling and standing waves on a string. Normal Modes of a string. Group velocity, Phase velocity. Plane waves. Spherical waves, Wave intensity.

Unit II:

Fluids: Surface Tension: Synclastic and anticlastic surface - Excess of pressure - Application to spherical and cylindrical drops and bubbles - variation of surface tension with temperature - Jaegar's method. Viscosity: Viscosity - Rate flow of liquid in a capillary tube - Poiseuille's formula - Determination of coefficient of viscosity of a liquid - Variations of viscosity of a liquid with temperature lubrication. Physics of low pressure - production and measurement of low pressure - Rotary pump - Diffusion pump - Molecular pump - Knudsen absolute gauge - penning and pirani gauge - Detection of leakage.

UNIT III:

Sound: Simple harmonic motion - forced vibrations and resonance - Fourier's Theorem - Application to saw tooth wave and square wave - Intensity and loudness of sound - Decibels - Intensity levels - musical notes - musical scale. Acoustics of buildings: Reverberation and time of reverberation - Absorption coefficient - Sabine's formula - measurement of reverberation time - Acoustic aspects of halls and auditoria.

UNIT IV:

Wave Optics: Electromagnetic nature of light. Definition and Properties of wave front. Huygens Principle. **Interference:** Interference: Division of amplitude and division of wavefront. Young's Double Slit experiment. Lloyd's Mirror and Fresnel's Biprism. Phase change on reflection: Stokes' treatment. Interference in Thin Films: parallel and wedge-shaped films. Fringes of equal

inclination (Haidinger Fringes); Fringes of equal thickness (Fizeau Fringes). Newton's Rings: measurement of wavelength and refractive index.

UNIT V:

Michelson's Interferometer: Idea of form of fringes (no theory needed), Determination of wavelength, Wavelength difference, Refractive index and Visibility of fringes. **Diffraction:** Fraunhofer diffraction: Single slit; Double Slit. Multiple slits & Diffraction grating. Fresnel Diffraction: Half-period zones. Zone plate. Fresnel Diffraction pattern of a straight edge, a slit and a wire using half-period zone analysis. **Polarization:** Transverse nature of light waves. Plane polarized light – production and analysis. Circular and elliptical polarization.

- 1. Fundamentals of Optics, F A Jenkins and H E White, 1976, McGraw-Hill
- 2. Principles of Optics, B.K. Mathur, 1995, Gopal Printing
- 3. Fundamentals of Optics, H.R. Gulati and D.R. Khanna, 1991, R. Chand Publication
- 4. University Physics. FW Sears, MW Zemansky and HD Young 13/e, 1986. Addison-Wesley

BSC 402: TRANSITION METAL & COORDINATION CHEMISTRY, STATES AND MATTER CHEMICAL KINETICS

UNIT-I

Transition Elements (3d series): General group trends with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valency, colour, magnetic and catalytic properties, ability to form complexes and stability of various oxidation states (Latimer diagrams) for Mn, Fe and Cu.Lanthanoids and actinoids: Electronic configurations, oxidation states, colour, magnetic properties, lanthanide contraction, separation of lanthanides (ion exchange method only).

UNIT-II

Coordination Chemistry: Valence Bond Theory (VBT): Inner and outer orbital complexes of Cr, Fe, Co, Ni and Cu (coordination numbers 4 and 6). Structural and stereoisomerism in complexes with coordination numbers 4 and 6. Drawbacks of VBT. IUPAC system of nomenclature.

Crystal Field Theory: Crystal field effect, octahedral symmetry. Crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE), Crystal field effects for weak and strong fields. Tetrahedral symmetry. Factors affecting the magnitude of D. Spectrochemical series. Comparison of CFSE for *Oh* and *Td* complexes, Tetragonal distortion of octahedral geometry. Jahn-Teller distortion, Square planar coordination.

Section B: Physical Chemistry-3

UNIT-III

Kinetic Theory of Gases: Postulates of Kinetic Theory of Gases and derivation of the kinetic gas equation. Deviation of real gases from ideal behaviour, compressibility factor, causes of deviation. van der Waals equation of state for real gases. Boyle temperature (derivation not required). Critical phenomena, critical constants and their calculation from van der Waals

equation. Andrews isotherms of CO₂. Maxwell Boltzmann distribution laws of molecular velocities and molecular energies (graphic representation – derivation not required) and their importance. Temperature dependence of these distributions. Most probable, average and root mean square velocities (no derivation). Collision cross section, collision number, collision frequency, collision diameter and mean free path of molecules. Viscosity of gases and effect of temperature and pressure on coefficient of viscosity (qualitative treatment only).

UNIT-IV

Liquids: Surface tension and its determination using stalagmometer. Viscosity of a liquid and determination of coefficient of viscosity using Ostwald viscometer. Effect of temperature on surface tension and coefficient of viscosity of a liquid (qualitative treatment only).

Solids: Forms of solids. Symmetry elements, unit cells, crystal systems, Bravais lattice types and identification of lattice planes. Laws of Crystallography - Law of constancy of interfacial angles, Law of rational indices. Miller indices. X–Ray diffraction by crystals, Bragg's law. Structures of NaCl, KCl and CsCl (qualitative treatment only). Defects in crystals. Glasses and liquid crystals.

UNIT-V

Chemical Kinetics: The concept of reaction rates. Effect of temperature, pressure, catalyst and other factors on reaction rates. Order and molecularity of a reaction. Derivation of integrated rate equations for zero, first and second order reactions (both for equal and unequal concentrations of reactants). Half–life of a reaction. General methods for determination of order of a reaction. Concept of activation energy and its calculation from Arrhenius equation. Theories of Reaction Rates: Collision theory and Activated Complex theory of bimolecular reactions. Comparison of the two theories (qualitative treatment only).

Reference Books:

➤ Barrow, G.M. *Physical Chemistry* Tata McGraw-Hill (2007).

- Castellan, G.W. *Physical Chemistry* 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- ➤ Kotz, J.C., Treichel, P.M. & Townsend, J.R. *General Chemistry* Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi (2009).
- Mahan, B.H. *University Chemistry* 3rd Ed. Narosa (1998).
- Petrucci, R.H. General Chemistry 5th Ed. Macmillan Publishing Co.: New York (1985).
- Cotton, F.A. & Wilkinson, G. Basic Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley.
- > Shriver, D.F. & Atkins, P.W. *Inorganic Chemistry*, Oxford University Press.
- Wulfsberg, G. *Inorganic Chemistry*, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.
- Rodgers, G.E. *Inorganic & Solid State Chemistry*, Cengage Learning India Ltd., 2008.

BSC403: ALGEBRA

Unit- I

Definition and examples of groups, examples of abelian and non-abelian groups, the group Zn of integers under addition modulo n and the group U(n) of units under multiplication modulo n. Cyclic groups from number systems, complex roots of unity, circle group, the general linear group GLn (n,R), groups of symmetries of (i) an isosceles triangle, (ii) an equilateral triangle, (iii) a rectangle, and (iv) a square, the permutation group Sym (n), Group of quaternions.

Unit- II

Subgroups, cyclic subgroups, the concept of a subgroup generated by a subset and the commutator subgroup of group, examples of subgroups including the center of a group.

Unit- III

Cosets, Index of subgroup, Lagrange's theorem, order of an element, Normal subgroups: their definition, examples, and characterizations, Quotient groups.

Unit-IV

Definition and examples of rings, examples of commutative and non-commutative rings: rings from number systems, Zn the ring of integers modulo n, ring of real quaternions,

Unit- V

Rings of matrices, polynomial rings, and rings of continuous functions. Subrings and ideals, Integral domains and fields, examples of fields: Zp, Q, R, and C. Field of rational functions.

- 1. John B. Fraleigh, A First Course in Abstract Algebra, 7th Ed., Pearson, 2002.
- 2. M. Artin, Abstract Algebra, 2nd Ed., Pearson, 2011.
- 3. Joseph A Gallian, Contemporary Abstract Algebra, 4th Ed., Narosa, 1999.
- 4. George E Andrews, *Number Theory*, Hindustan Publishing Corporation, 1984.

BSC404A: VECTOR CALCULUS

Unit I

Vector Algebra. Operations with vectors. Scalar and vector product of three vectors.

Unit II

Vector Calculus. Scalar-valued functions over the plane and the space. Vector function of a scalar variable.

Unit III

Differentiation and partial differentiation of a vector function. Derivative of sum, dot product and cross product of two vectors.

Unit IV

Gradient, divergence and curl. Vector integration: Path, line, surface, and volume integrals. Line integrals of linear differential forms, integration of total differentials, conservative fields, conditions for line integrals to depend only on the endpoints.

Unit V

Theorems of Green, Gauss problems based on these.

- 1. G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, *Calculus*, 9th Ed., Pearson Education, Delhi, 2005.
- 2. H. Anton, I. Bivens and S. Davis, *Calculus*, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) P. Ltd. 2002.
- 3. P.C. Matthew's, Vector Calculus, Springer Verlag London Limited, 1998.

BSC404B: THEORY OF EQUATIONS

Unit I

General properties of polynomials, maximum and minimum values of a polynomials,

Unit II

General properties of equations, Descarte's rule of signs positive and negative rule.

Unit III

Symmetric functions, Applications symmetric function of the roots,

Unit IV

Transformation of equations.

Unit V

Algebraic solutions of the cubic and biquadratic.

- 1. W.S. Burnside and A.W. Panton, *The Theory of Equations*, Dublin University Press, 1954.
- 2. C. C. MacDuffee, Theory of Equations, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 1954.

BSC404C: ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT & NETWORK SKILLS

Unit I:

Basic Electricity Principles: Voltage, Current, Resistance, and Power. Ohm's law. Series, parallel, and series-parallel combinations. AC Electricity and DC Electricity.

Unit II:

Understanding Electrical Circuits: Main electric circuit elements and their combination. Rules to analyze DC sourced electrical circuits. Current and voltage drop across the DC circuit elements.

Unit III:

Electrical Drawing and Symbols: Drawing symbols. Blueprints. Reading Schematics. Ladder diagrams. Electrical Schematics. Power circuits. Control circuits. Reading of circuit schematics. Tracking the connections of elements and identify current flow and voltage drop.

Generators and Transformers: DC Power sources. AC/DC generators. Inductance, capacitance, and impedance. Operation of transformers.

Unit IV:

Solid-State Devices: Resistors, inductors and capacitors. Diode and rectifiers. Components in Series or in shunt. Response of inductors and capacitors with DC or AC sources

Unit V:

Electrical Wiring: Different types of conductors and cables. Basics of wiring-Star and delta connection. Voltage drop and losses across cables and conductors. Instruments to measure current, voltage, power in DC and AC circuits.

- 1. A text book in Electrical Technology B L Theraja S Chand & Co.
- 2. A text book of Electrical Technology A K Theraja
- 3. Performance and design of AC machines M G Say ELBS Edn.

BSC404D: TECHNICAL DRAWING

Unit 1:

Introduction: Drafting Instruments and their uses. lettering: construction and uses of various scales: dimensioning as per I.S.I. 696-1972. Engineering Curves: Parabola:hyperbola: ellipse: cycloids, involute: spiral: helix and loci of points of simple moving mechanism.2D geometrical construction.

Unit II:

Projections: Straight lines, planes and solids. Development of surfaces of right and oblique solids. Section of solids

Unit III:

Object Projections: Orthographic projection. Interpenetration and intersection of solids.

Unit IV:

CAD Drawing: Introduction to CAD and Auto CAD, precision drawing and drawing aids, Geometric shapes, Demonstrating CAD- specific skills (graphical user interface.Create, retrieve, edit, and use symbol libraries.

Unit V:

Demonstrating basic skills to produce 2- D and 3-Ddrawings. 3D modeling with Auto CAD (surfaces and solids).

- 1. K. Venugopal, and V. Raja Prabhu. Engineering Graphic, New Age International
- 2. AutoCAD 2014 & AutoCAD 2014/Donnie Gladfelter/Sybex/ISBN:978-1-118-57510-9
- 3. Architectural Design with Sketchup/Alexander Schreyer/John Wiley & Sons/ISBN: 978-1-118-12309-6

BSC404E: ANALYTICAL CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Basic understanding of the structures, properties and functions of carbohydrates, lipids and proteins:

Review of concepts studied in the core course:

UNIT-I

Carbohydrates: Biological importance of carbohydrates, Metabolism, Cellular currency of energy (ATP), Glycolysis, Alcoholic and Lactic acid fermentations, Krebs cycle.

UNIT-II

Proteins: Classification, biological importance; Primary and secondary and tertiary structures of proteins: α -helix and β - pleated sheets.

UNIT-III

Enzymes: Nomenclature, Characteristics (mention of Ribozymes), Classification; Active site, Mechanism of enzyme action, Stereospecificity of enzymes, Coenzymes and cofactors, Enzyme inhibitors, Introduction to Biocatalysis: Importance in "Green Chemistry" and Chemical Industry.

UNIT-IV

Lipids: Classification. Biological importance of triglycerides and phosphoglycerides and cholesterol; Lipid membrane, Liposomes and their biological functions and underlying applications.

Lipoproteins: Properties, functions and biochemical functions of steroid hormones. Biochemistry of peptide hormones.

UNIT-V

Biochemistry of disease: A diagnostic approach by blood/ urine analysis.

Blood: Composition and functions of blood, blood coagulation. Blood collection and preservation of samples. Anaemia, Regulation, estimation and interpretation of data for blood sugar, urea, creatinine, cholesterol and bilirubin.

Urine: Collection and preservation of samples. 6. Formation of urine. Composition and estimation of constituents of normal and pathological urine.

- T.G. Cooper: Tool of Biochemistry.
- ➤ Keith Wilson and John Walker: Practical Biochemistry.
- Alan H Gowenlock: Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry.
- ➤ Thomas M. Devlin: Textbook of Biochemistry.
- ➤ Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. & Stryer, L. *Biochemistry*, W.H. Freeman, 2002.
- Talwar, G.P. & Srivastava, M. *Textbook of Biochemistry and Human Biology*, 3rd Ed. PHI Learning.
- Nelson, D. L. & Cox, M. M. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry 7th Ed., W. H. Freeman.
- ➤ Mikes, O. *Laboratory Hand Book of Chromatographic & Allied Methods*, Elles Harwood Series on Analytical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, 1979.

BSC404F: GREEN METHODS IN CHEMISTRY

Theory and Hand-on Experiments

UNIT-I

Introduction: Definitions of Green Chemistry. Brief introduction of twelve principles of Green Chemistry, with examples.

UNIT-II

Green solvents, Green Chemistry and catalysis and alternative sources of energy.

UNIT-III

Real world Cases in Green Chemistry: Surfactants for carbon dioxide – Replacing smog producing.

UNIT-IV

Real world Cases in Green Chemistry: Designing of environmentally safe marine antifoulant.

UNIT-V

An efficient, green synthesis of a compostable and widely applicable plastic (poly lactic acid) made from corn.

- Anastas, P.T. & Warner, J.K. *Green Chemistry- Theory and Practical*, Oxford University Press (1998).
- Matlack, A.S. *Introduction to Green Chemistry*, Marcel Dekker (2001).
- Cann, M.C. & Connely, M.E. *Real-World cases in Green Chemistry*, American Chemical Society, Washington (2000).
- ➤ Ryan, M.A. & Tinnesand, M. *Introduction to Green Chemistry*, American Chemical Society, Washington (2002).

- ➤ Sharma, R.K.; Sidhwani, I.T. & Chaudhari, M.K. *Green Chemistry Experiments:*A monograph I.K. International Publishing House Pvt Ltd. New Delhi, Bangalore.
- ➤ Lancaster, M. *Green Chemistry: An introductory text* RSC publishing, 2nd Edition.
- ➤ Sidhwani, I.T., Saini, G., Chowdhury, S., Garg, D., Malovika, Garg, N. Wealth from waste: A green method to produce biodiesel from waste cooking oil and generation of useful products from waste further generated "A Social Awareness Project", Delhi University Journal of Undergraduate Research and Innovation, 1(1): 2015.

BSC405: WAVES AND OPTICS LAB

- 1. To investigate the motion of coupled oscillators
- 2. To determine the Frequency of an Electrically Maintained Tuning Fork by Melde's Experiment and to verify $\lambda 2 T$ Law.
- 3. To study Lissajous Figures
- 4. Familiarization with Schuster's focussing; determination of angle of prism.
- 5. To determine the Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's method).
- 6. To determine the Refractive Index of the Material of a given Prism using Sodium Light.
- 7. To determine Dispersive Power of the Material of a given Prism using Mercury Light
- 8. To determine the value of Cauchy Constants of a material of a prism.
- 9. To determine the Resolving Power of a Prism.
- 10. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel Biprism.
- 11. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.
- 12. To determine the wavelength of Laser light using Diffraction of Single Slit.
- 13. To determine wavelength of (1) Sodium & (2) spectrum of Mercury light using plane diffraction Grating
- 14. To determine the Resolving Power of a Plane Diffraction Grating.
- 15. To measure the intensity using photosensor and laser in diffraction patterns of single and double slits.

- 1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint & H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

BSC406: TRANSITION METAL & COORDINATION CHEMISTRY LAB

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry

Semi-micro qualitative analysis (using H2S or other methods) of mixtures - not more than four ionic species (two anions and two cations, excluding insoluble salts) out of the following:

Cations:
$$NH^{4+}$$
, Pb^{2+} , Bi^{3+} , Cu^{2+} , Cd^{2+} , Fe^{3+} , Al^{3+} , Co^{2+} , Ni^{2+} , Mn^{2+} , Zn^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , K^{+}
Anions: CO_{3}^{2-} , S^{2-} , SO^{2-} , $S_{2}O_{3}^{2-}$, NO_{3}^{-} , $CH_{3}COO^{-}$, Cl^{-} , Br^{-} , Γ , NO_{3}^{-} , SO_{4}^{2-} , PO_{4}^{3-} , BO_{3}^{3-} , $C_{2}O_{4}^{2-}$, F^{-}

(Spot tests should be carried out wherever feasible)

- 1. Estimate the amount of nickel present in a given solution as *bis*(dimethylglyoximato)nickel(II) or aluminium as oximate in a given solution gravimetrically.
- 2. Estimation of (i) Mg²⁺ or (ii) Zn²⁺ by complexometric titrations using EDTA.
- 3. Estimation of total hardness of a given sample of water by complexometric titration.

Section B: Physical Chemistry

- (I) Surface tension measurement (use of organic solvents excluded).
- a) Determination of the surface tension of a liquid or a dilute solution using a stalagmometer.
- b) Study of the variation of surface tension of a detergent solution with concentration.
- (II) Viscosity measurement (use of organic solvents excluded).
- a) Determination of the relative and absolute viscosity of a liquid or dilute solution using an Ostwald's viscometer.
- b) Study of the variation of viscosity of an aqueous solution with concentration of solute.
- (III) Chemical Kinetics

Study the kinetics of the following reactions.

- 1. Initial rate method: Iodide-persulphate reaction
- 2. Integrated rate method:

- a. Acid hydrolysis of methyl acetate with hydrochloric acid.
- b. Saponification of ethyl acetate.
- c. Compare the strengths of HCl and H₂SO₄ by studying kinetics of hydrolysis of methyl acetate

- > Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Pearson Education, 2012.
- Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009.
- Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand
 & Co.: New Delhi (2011).

FIFTH SEMESTER

THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Marks Allocation			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	T	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits
BSC501	SEC-3 (Choose any one)							
BSC501A	Probability and Statistics							
BSC501B	Mathematical Modelling							
BSC501C	Radiology & safety	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
BSC501D	Weather forecasting							
BSC501E	Chemistry of Cosmetics & Perfumes							
BSC501F	Pesticide Chemistry							
BSC502	DSE-1A (Choose any one)							
BSC502A	Matrices	6	_		30	70	100	6
BSC502B	Mechanics	- 0	-	_	30	70	100	0
BSC502C	Linear Algebra							
BSC503	DSE-2A (Choose any one)							
BSC503A	Analytical Methods in Chemistry							
BSC503B	Novel Inorganic Solids	_						
BSC503C	Organometallics, Bioinorganic chemistry, Polynuclear hydrocarbons and UV, IR Spectroscopy	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC503D	Chemistry of Main Group Elements, Theories of Acids and Bases	-						
BSC504	DSE-3A (Choose any one)							
BSC504A	Digital, Analog and Instrumentation	-						
BSC504B	Elements of Modern Physics	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC504C	Mathematical Physics	1						
BSC504D	Solid State Physics	1						

PRACTICALS/VIVA-VOCE		No. of Teaching Hours			Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits
BSC505	DSE-2A (Choose any one)							
BSC505A	Analytical Methods in Chemistry Lab	-						
BSC505B	Novel Inorganic Solids Lab							
BSC505C	Organometallics, Bioinorganic chemistry ,Polynuclear hydrocarbons and UV ,IR Spectroscopy Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC505D	Chemistry of Main Group Elements, Theories of Acids and Bases Lab	_						
BSC506	DSE-3A (Choose any one)							
BSC506A	Digital, Analog and Instrumentation Lab	-						
BSC506B	Elements of Modern Physics Lab	-	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC506C	Mathematical Physics Lab							
BSC506D	Solid State Physics Lab							
TOTAL		19	-	8	180	320	500	23

BSC501A: PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

Unit I

Sample space, probability axioms, real random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass/density functions.

Unit II

Mathematical expectation, moments, moment generating function.

Unit III

Discrete distributions: uniform, binomial.

Unit IV

continuous distributions: uniform, normal.

Unit V

Joint cumulative distribution function and its properties, joint probability density functions.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Robert V. Hogg, Joseph W. McKean and Allen T. Craig, *Introduction to Mathematical Statistics*, Pearson Education, Asia, 2007.
- 2. Irwin Miller and Marylees Miller, John E. Freund, *Mathematical Statistics with Application*, 7th Ed., Pearson Education, Asia, 2006.
- 3. Sheldon Ross, *Introduction to Probability Model*, 9th Ed., Academic Press, Indian Reprint, 2007.

BSC501B: MATHEMATICAL MODELING

Unit I

Introduction, basic steps of Mathematical Modeling, its needs.

Unit II

Elementary ideas of dynamical systems, autonomous dynamical systems in the plane-linear theory.

Unit III

Applications of differential equations: the vibrations of a mass on a spring, mixture problem.

Unit IV

Mechanics of simultaneous differential equations. Applications to Traffic Flow.

Unit V

conduction of heat in solids, gravitational potential.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Shepley L. Ross, *Differential Equations*, 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, 1984.
- 2. I. Sneddon, *Elements of Partial Differential Equations*, McGraw-Hill, International Edition, 1967.

BSC501C: RADIOLOGY & SAFETY

Unit 1:

Basics of Atomic and Nuclear Physics: Basic concept of atomic structure; X rays characteristic and production; concept of bremsstrahlung and auger electron, The composition of nucleus and its properties, mass number, isotopes of element, spin, binding energy, stable and unstable isotopes, law of radioactive decay, Mean life and half life, basic concept of alpha, beta and gamma decay.

Unit II:

Interaction of Radiation with matter: Types of Radiation: Alpha, Beta, Gamma and Neutron and their sources, sealed and unsealed sources, **Interaction of Photons** – Photoelectric effect, Compton Scattering, Pair Production, Linear and Mass Attenuation Coefficients.

Unit III:

Radiation detection and monitoring devices: Radiation Quantities and Units: Basic idea of different units of activity, KERMA, exposure, absorbed dose, equivalent dose, effective dose, collective equivalent dose, Annual Limit of Intake (ALI) and derived Air Concentration (DAC).

Unit IV:

Radiation safety management: *Biological effects of ionizing radiation*, Operational limits and basics of radiation hazards evaluation and control: radiation protection standards, International Commission on Radiological Protection (ICRP) principles, justification, optimization, limitation.

Unit V:

Application of nuclear techniques: Application in medical science (e.g., MRI, PET, Projection Imaging Gamma Camera, radiation therapy), Archaeology, Art, Crime detection, Mining and oil. *Industrial Uses:* Tracing, Gauging, Material Modification, Sterization, Food preservation.

- 1. W.E. Burcham and M. Jobes Nuclear and Particle Physics Longman (1995)
- 2. G.F.Knoll, Radiation detection and measurements
- 3. Thermoluninescense Dosimetry, Mcknlay, A.F., Bristol, Adam Hilger (Medical Physics Handbook 5)
- 4. W.J. Meredith and J.B. Massey, "Fundamental Physics of Radiology". John

- Wright and Sons, UK, 1989.
- 5. J.R. Greening, "Fundamentals of Radiation Dosimetry", Medical Physics Hand Book Series, No.6, Adam Hilger Ltd., Bristol 1981.
- 6. Practical Applications of Radioactivity and Nuclear Radiations, G.C. Lowental and P.L. Airey, Cambridge University Press, U.K., 2001
- 7. A. Martin and S.A. Harbisor, An Introduction to Radiation Protection, John Willey & Sons, Inc. New York, 1981.
- 8. NCRP, ICRP, ICRU, IAEA, AERB Publications.
- 9. W.R. Hendee, "Medical Radiation Physics", Year Book Medical Publishers Inc. London, 1981

BSC501D: WEATHER FORECASTING

Unit I:

Introduction to atmosphere: Elementary idea of atmosphere: physical structure and composition; compositional layering of the atmosphere; variation of pressure and temperature with height; air temperature; requirements to measure air temperature.

Unit II:

Measuring the weather: Wind; forces acting to produce wind; wind speed direction: units, its direction; measuring wind speed and direction; humidity, clouds and rainfall.

Unit III:

Weather systems: Global wind systems; air masses and fronts: classifications; jet streams; local thunderstorms.

Unit IV:

Climate and Climate Change: Climate: its classification; causes of climate change; global warming and its outcomes.

Unit V:

Basics of weather forecasting: Weather forecasting: analysis and its historical background; need of measuring weather; types of weather forecasting; weather forecasting methods; criteria of choosing weather station; basics of choosing site and exposure; satellites observations in weather forecasting; weather maps; uncertainty and predictability; probability forecasts.

- 1. Aviation Meteorology, I.C. Joshi, 3rd edition 2014, Himalayan Books
- 2. The weather Observers Hand book, Stephen Burt, 2012, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Meteorology, S.R. Ghadekar, 2001, Agromet Publishers, Nagpur.
- 4. Text Book of Agrometeorology, S.R. Ghadekar, 2005, Agromet Publishers, Nagpur.
- 5. Why the weather, Charls Franklin Brooks, 1924, Chpraman & Hall, London.
- 6. Atmosphere and Ocean, John G. Harvey, 1995, The Artemis Press.

BSC501E: CHEMISTRY OF COSMETICS & PERFUMES

UNIT-I

A general study including preparation and uses of the following: shampoo, suntan lotions.

UNIT-II

A general study including preparation and uses of the following: face powder, lipsticks.

UNIT-III

A general study including preparation and uses of the following: creams (cold, vanishing and shaving creams).

UNIT-IV

Essential oils and their importance in cosmetic industries with reference to Eugenol, Geraniol.

UNIT-V

Essential oils and their importance in cosmetic industries with reference to eucalyptus, rose oil, 2-phenyl ethyl alcohol, Jasmone, Civetone, Muscone.

- E. Stocchi: *Industrial Chemistry*, Vol -I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
- > P.C. Jain, M. Jain: *Engineering Chemistry*, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
- > Sharma, B.K. & Gaur, H. *Industrial Chemistry*, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).

BSC501F: PESTICIDE CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

General introduction to pesticides (natural and synthetic).

UNIT-II

Changing concepts of pesticides, structure activity relationship, synthesis

UNIT-III

Technical manufacture and uses of representative pesticides in the following classes: Organochlorines (DDT, Gammexene).

UNIT-IV

Technical manufacture and uses of representative pesticides in the following classes: Carbamates (Carbofuran).

UNIT-V

Technical manufacture and uses of representative pesticides in the following classes: Quinones (Chloranil).

Practicals

To calculate acidity/alkalinity in given sample of pesticide formulations as per BIS specifications.

Reference Book:

Cremlyn, R. Pesticides. Preparation and Modes of Action, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1978.

BSC502A: MATRICES

Unit- I

R, R2, R3 as vector spaces over R. Standard basis for each of them. Concept of Linear Independence and examples of different bases.

Unit-II

Translation, Dilation, Rotation, Reflection in a point, line and plane. Matrix form of basic geometric transformations.

Unit-III

Types of matrices. Rank of a matrix. Invariance of rank under elementary transformations. Reduction to normal form.

Unit-IV

Matrices in diagonal form. Reduction to diagonal form upto matrices of order 3.

Unit- V

Rank of matrix. Solutions of a system of linear equations using matrices.

Books Recommended

- 1. A.I. Kostrikin, *Introduction to Algebra*, Springer Verlag, 1984.
- S. H. Friedberg, A. L. Insel and L. E. Spence, *Linear Algebra*, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Richard Bronson, Theory and Problems of Matrix Operations, Tata McGraw Hill, 1989.

BSC502B: MECHANICS

Unit- I

Conditions of equilibrium of a particle and of coplanar forces acting on a rigid Body, Laws of friction, Problems of equilibrium under forces including friction.

Unit-II

Velocity and acceleration of a particle along a curve: radial and transverse components (plane curve), tangential.

Unit- III

Motion of a particle in three dimensions. Motion on a smooth sphere, cone.

Unit-IV

Newton's Laws of motion, Simple harmonic motion, Simple Pendulum,

Unit- V

Projectile Motion. Motion of a projectile in a resisting medium.

Books Recommended

- 1. A.S. Ramsay, *Statics*, CBS Publishers and Distributors (Indian Reprint), 1998. 120
- 2. A.P. Roberts, *Statics and Dynamics with Background in Mathematics*, Cambridge University Press, 2003.

BSC502C: LINEAR ALGEBRA

Unit I

Vector spaces, subspaces, algebra of subspaces, linear combination of vectors, linear independence,

Unit II

basis and dimension, dimension of subspaces.

Unit III

Linear transformations, null space, range, rank and nullity of a linear transformation.

Unit IV

Eigen values and Eigen vectors, Characteristic Polynomial.

Unit V

change of coordinate matrix.

Books Recommended

- 1. Stephen H. Friedberg, Arnold J. Insel, Lawrence E. Spence, *Linear Algebra*, 4th Ed., Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. David C. Lay, *Linear Algebra and its Applications*, 3rd Ed., Pearson Education Asia, Indian Reprint, 2007.
- 3. S. Lang, *Introduction to Linear Algebra*, 2nd Ed., Springer, 2005.
- 4. Gilbert Strang, Linear Algebra and its Applications, Thomson, 2007.

BSC503A: ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

Qualitative and quantitative aspects of analysis:

Sampling, evaluation of analytical data, errors, accuracy and precision, methods of their expression, normal law of distribution if indeterminate errors, statistical test of data; F, Q and t test, rejection of data, and confidence intervals.

Optical methods of analysis I:

Origin of spectra, interaction of radiation with matter, fundamental laws of spectroscopy and selection rules, validity of Beer-Lambert's law.

UV-Visible Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator and detector) for single and double beam instrument;

UNIT-II

Optical methods of analysis II:

Flame Atomic Absorption and Emission Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator, detector, choice of flame and Burner designs. Techniques of atomization and sample introduction.

UNIT-III

Thermal methods of analysis:

Theory of thermogravimetry (TG), basic principle of instrumentation. Techniques for quantitative estimation of Ca and Mg from their mixture.

UNIT-IV

Separation techniques I:

Solvent extraction: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique. Mechanism of extraction: extraction by solvation and chelation. Technique of extraction: batch, continuous and counter current extractions. Qualitative and quantitative aspects of solvent extraction: extraction of metal ions from aqueous solution, extraction of organic species from the aqueous and nonaqueous media.

UNIT-V

Separation techniques II:

Stereoisomeric separation and analysis: Measurement of optical rotation, calculation of Enantiomeric excess (ee)/ diastereomeric excess (de) ratios and determination of enantiomeric composition using NMR, Chiral solvents and chiral shift reagents. Chiral chromatographic techniques using chiral columns (GC and HPLC).

- ➤ Jeffery, G.H., Bassett, J., Mendham, J. & Denney, R.C. *Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis*, John Wiley & Sons, 1989.
- Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. *Instrumental Methods of Analysis*, 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Company Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- Christian, G.D; Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- Harris, D. C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2001.
- Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age, International Publisher, 2009.
- Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Ed.

- ➤ Mikes, O. *Laboratory Hand Book of Chromatographic & Allied Methods*, Elles Harwood Series on Analytical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, 1979.
- Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry; Methods of Separation, van Nostrand, 1974.

BSC503B: NOVEL INORGANIC SOLIDS

UNIT-I

Synthesis and modification of inorganic solids:

Conventional heat and beat methods, Co-precipitation method, Sol-gel methods, Hydrothermal method, Ion-exchange and Intercalation methods.

UNIT-II

Nanomaterials:

Overview of nanostructures and nanomaterials: classification. Preparation of gold and silver metallic nanoparticles, self-assembled nanostructurescontrol of nanoarchitecture-one dimensional control. Carbon nanotubes and inorganic nanowires. Bio-inorganic nanomaterials.

UNIT-III

Introduction to engineering materials for mechanical construction:

Composition, mechanical and fabricating characteristics and applications of various types of cast irons, plain carbon and alloy steels, copper, aluminium and their alloys like duralumin, brasses and bronzes cutting tool materials, super alloys thermoplastics, thermosets and composite materials.

UNIT-IV

Composite materials:

Introduction, limitations of conventional engineering materials, role of matrix in composites, classification, matrix materials, reinforcements, metal-matrix composites, polymer-matrix composites.

UNIT-V

Speciality polymers:

Conducting polymers - Introduction, conduction mechanism, polyacetylene, polyparaphenylene and polypyrrole, applications of conducting polymers, Ionexchange resins and their applications.

- ➤ Shriver & Atkins. *Inorganic Chemistry*, Peter Alkins, Tina Overton, Jonathan Rourke, Mark Weller and Fraser Armstrong, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press (2011-2012)
- Adam, D.M. Inorganic Solids: An introduction to concepts in solid-state structural chemistry. John Wiley & Sons, 1974.
- Poole, C.P. & Owens, F.J. Introduction to Nanotechnology John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
- ➤ Rodger, G.E. *Inorganic and Solid State Chemistry*, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2002.

BSC503C: ORGANOMETALLICS, BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY, POLYNUCLEAR

HYDROCARBONS AND UV, IR SPECTROSCOPY

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry-4

UNIT-I

Chemistry of 3d metals:

Oxidation states displayed by Cr, Fe, Co, Ni and Co. A study of the following compounds (including

preparation and important properties); Peroxo compounds of Cr, K₂Cr₂O₇, KMnO₄, K₄[Fe(CN)₆], sodium

nitroprusside, [Co(NH₃)₆]Cl₃, Na₃[Co(NO₂)₆].

UNIT-II

Bio-Inorganic Chemistry:

A brief introduction to bio-inorganic chemistry. Role of metal ions present in biological systems with

special reference to Na⁺, K⁺ and Mg²⁺ ions: Na/K pump; Role of Mg²⁺ ions in energy production and

chlorophyll.

Section B: Organic Chemistry-4

UNIT-III

Polynuclear and heteronuclear aromatic compounds:

Properties of the following compounds with reference to electrophilic and nucleophilic substitution:

Naphthalene.

UNIT-IV

Active methylene compounds:

Preparation: Claisen ester condensation. Keto-enol tautomerism.

UNIT-V

Application of Spectroscopy to Simple Organic Molecules

94

Application of visible, ultraviolet and Infrared spectroscopy in organic molecules. Electromagnetic radiations, electronic transitions, λ max & ϵ max, chromophore, auxochrome, bathochromic and hypsochromic shifts.

- ➤ James E. Huheey, Ellen Keiter & Richard Keiter: *Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity*, Pearson Publication.
- ➤ G.L. Miessler & Donald A. Tarr: *Inorganic Chemistry*, Pearson Publication.
- ▶ J.D. Lee: A New Concise Inorganic Chemistry, E.L.B.S.
- F.A. Cotton & G. Wilkinson: *Basic Inorganic Chemistry*, John Wiley & Sons.
- ➤ I.L. Finar: Organic Chemistry (Vol. I & II), E.L.B.S.
- ➤ John R. Dyer: *Applications of Absorption Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds*, Prentice Hall.
- R.M. Silverstein, G.C. Bassler & T.C. Morrill: Spectroscopic Identification of Organic Compounds, John Wiley & Sons.
- R.T. Morrison & R.N. Boyd: *Organic Chemistry*, Prentice Hall.
- Peter Sykes: A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Orient Longman.
- Arun Bahl and B. S. Bahl: *Advanced Organic Chemistry*, S. Chand.

BSC503D: Chemistry of Main Group Elements, Theories of Acids and Bases

UNIT-I

Acids and Bases:

Brönsted-Lowry concept, conjugate acids and bases, relative strengths of acids and bases, effects of substituent and solvent, differentiating and levelling solvents.

UNIT-II

General Principles of Metallurgy:

Chief modes of occurrence of metals based on standard electrode potentials, Ellingham diagrams for reduction of metal oxides using carbon and carbon monoxide as reducing agents. Hydrometallurgy with reference to cyanide process for gold and silver.

UNIT-III

s- and p-Block Elements:

Periodicity in *s*- and *p*-block elements with respect to electronic configuration, atomic and ionic size, ionization enthalpy, electron gain enthalpy, electronegativity (Pauling scale). General characteristics of *s*-block metals like density, melting and boiling points, flame colour and reducing nature.

UNIT-IV

Structure, bonding and properties (acidic/ basic nature, oxidizing/ reducing nature and hydrolysis of the following compounds and their applications in industrial and environmental chemistry wherever applicable:

Diborane and concept of multicentre bonding, hydrides of Groups 13 (EH₃), 14, 15, 16 and 17.

UNIT-V

Noble gases:

Rationalization of inertness of noble gases, clathrates, preparation and properties of XeF_2 , XeF_4 and XeF_6 , bonding in these compounds using VBT and shapes of noble gas compounds using VSEPR Theory.

Inorganic Polymers:

Types of inorganic polymers and comparison with organic polymers, structural features, classification and important applications of silicates..

Recommended texts:

- Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991.
- Cotton, F.A., Wilkinson, G. & Gaus, P.L. *Basic Inorganic Chemistry*, 3rd ed., Wiley.
- Douglas, B.E., McDaniel, D.H. & Alexander, J.J. Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons.
- ➤ Greenwood, N.N. & Earnshaw. *Chemistry of the Elements*, Butterworth-Heinemann. 1997.
- Rodger, G.E. *Inorganic and Solid State Chemistry*, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2002.
- Miessler, G. L. & Donald, A. Tarr. *Inorganic Chemistry* 4th Ed., Pearson, 2010.
- Atkin, P. Shriver & Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry 5th Ed. Oxford University Press (2010).

BSC504A: DIGITAL, ANALOG AND INSTRUMENTATION

UNIT-I:

Digital Circuits

Difference between Analog and Digital Circuits. Binary Numbers. Decimal to Binary and Binary to Decimal Conversion, AND, OR and NOT Gates (Realization using Diodes and Transistor). NAND and NOR Gates as Universal Gates. XOR and XNOR Gates. De Morgan's Theorems. Boolean Laws.

UNIT-II:

Semiconductor Devices and Amplifiers:

Semiconductor Diodes: p and n type semiconductors. Barrier Formation in PN Junction Diode. Qualitative Idea of Current Flow Mechanism in Forward and Reverse Biased Diode. PN junction and its characteristics. Static and Dynamic Resistance. Principle and structure of (1) LEDs (2) Photodiode (3) Solar Cell. Bipolar Junction transistors: n-p-n and p-n-p Transistors. Characteristics of CB, CE and CC Configurations. Active, Cutoff, and Saturation Regions.

UNIT-III:

Operational Amplifiers (Black Box approach):

Characteristics of an Ideal and Practical Op-Amp (IC 741), Open-loop& Closed-loop Gain. CMRR, concept of Virtual ground. Applications of Op-Amps: (1) Inverting and Non-inverting Amplifiers, (2) Adder, (3) Subtractor, (4) Differentiator, (5) Integrator, (6) Zero Crossing Detector.

UNIT-IV:

Instrumentations:

Introduction to CRO: Block Diagram of CRO. Applications of CRO: (1) Study of Waveform, (2) Measurement of Voltage, Current, Frequency, and Phase Difference.

UNIT-V:

Power Supply: Half-wave Rectifiers. Centre-tapped and Bridge Full-wave Rectifiers Calculation of Ripple Factor and Rectification Efficiency, Basic idea about capacitor filter, Zener Diode and Voltage Regulation.

- 1. Integrated Electronics, J. Millman and C.C. Halkias, 1991, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- 2. Electronic devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, 2012, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.
- 3. Microelectronic Circuits, M.H. Rashid, 2ndEdn., 2011, Cengage Learning.
- 4.Modern Electronic Instrumentation & Measurement Tech., Helfrick&Cooper,1990, PHI Learning
- 5. Digital Principles & Applications, A.P. Malvino, D.P. Leach & Saha, 7th Ed.,2011, Tata McGraw Hill
- 6. Microelectronic circuits, A.S. Sedra, K.C. Smith, A.N. Chandorkar, 2014, 6th Edn., Oxford University Press.
- 7. Fundamentals of Digital Circuits, A. Anand Kumar, 2nd Edition, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 8.OP-AMP and Linear Digital Circuits, R.A. Gayakwad, 2000, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

BSC504B: ELEMENTS OF MODERN PHYSICS

UNIT I:

Planck's quantum, Planck's constant and light as a collection of photons; Photo-electric effect and Compton scattering.

UNIT II:

Problems with Rutherford model- instability of atoms and observation of discrete atomic spectra; Bohr's quantization rule and atomic stability; calculation of energy levels for hydrogen like atoms and their spectra.

UNIT III:

Two slit interference experiment with photons, atoms and particles; linear superposition principle as a consequence; Matter waves and wave amplitude; Schrodinger equation for non-relativistic particles; Momentum and Energy operators.

UNIT IV:

One dimensional infinitely rigid box- energy eigenvalues and eigenfunctions, normalization; Quantum dot as an example; Quantum mechanical scattering and tunnelling in one dimension - across a step potential and across a rectangular potential barrier. Size and structure of atomic nucleus and its relation with atomic weight; Impossibility of an electron being in the nucleus as a consequence of the uncertainty principle.

UNIT V:

Fission and fusion - mass deficit, relativity and generation of energy; Fission - nature of fragments and emission of neutrons.

- 1. Concepts of Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, 2009, McGraw-Hill
- Modern Physics, John R. Taylor, Chris D. Zafiratos, Michael A.Dubson, 2009, PHI Learning
- 3. Six Ideas that Shaped Physics: Particle Behave like Waves, Thomas A. Moore,

- 2003, McGraw Hill
- 4. Quantum Physics, Berkeley Physics Course Vol.4. E.H. Wichman, 2008, Tata McGraw-Hill Co.
- 5. Modern Physics, R.A. Serway, C.J. Moses, and C.A.Moyer, 2005, Cengage Learning
- 6. Modern Physics, G. Kaur and G.R. Pickrell, 2014, McGraw Hill

BSC504C: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS

UNIT I:

Calculus of functions of more than one variable: Partial derivatives, exact and inexact differentials. Integrating factor, with simple illustration.

UNIT II:

Fourier Series: Periodic functions. Orthogonality of sine and cosine functions, Dirichlet Conditions (Statement only). Expansion of periodic functions in a series of sine and cosine functions and determination of Fourier coefficients. Complex representation of Fourier series. Expansion of functions with arbitrary period.

UNIT III:

Frobenius Method and Special Functions: Singular Points of Second Order Linear Differential Equations and their importance. Frobenius method and its applications to differential equations.

UNIT IV:

Some Special Integrals: Beta and Gamma Functions and Relation between them. Expression of Integrals in terms of Gamma Functions. Error Function (Probability Integral).

UNIT V:

Complex Analysis: Brief Revision of Complex Numbers and their Graphical Representation. Euler's formula, De Moivre's theorem, Roots of Complex Numbers. Functions of Complex Variables. Analyticity and Cauchy-Riemann Conditions. Examples of analytic functions.

- 1. Mathematical Methods for Physicists: Arfken, Weber, 2005, Harris, Elsevier.
- 2. Fourier Analysis by M.R. Spiegel, 2004, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Mathematics for Physicists, Susan M. Lea, 2004, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- 4. An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Earl A Coddington, 1961, PHI Learning.

- 5. Differential Equations, George F. Simmons, 2006, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Essential Mathematical Methods, K.F. Riley and M.P. Hobson, 2011, Cambridge University Press
- 7. Partial Differential Equations for Scientists and Engineers, S.J. Farlow, 1993, Dover Publications.
- 8. Mathematical methods for Scientists and Engineers, D.A. McQuarrie, 2003, Viva Books.

BSC504D: SOLID STATE PHYSICS

UNIT I:

Crystal Structure: Solids: Amorphous and Crystalline Materials. Lattice Translation Vectors. Lattice with a Basis – Central and Non-Central Elements. Unit Cell. Miller Indices. Reciprocal Lattice. Types of Lattices.

UNIT II:

Elementary Lattice Dynamics: Lattice Vibrations and Phonons: Linear Monoatomic and Diatomic Chains. Acoustical and Optical Phonons. Qualitative Description of the Phonon Spectrum in Solids.

UNIT III:

Magnetic Properties of Matter: Dia-, Para-, Ferri- and Ferromagnetic Materials. Classical Langevin Theory of dia – and Paramagnetic Domains. Quantum Mechanical Treatment of Paramagnetism. Curie's law.

UNIT IV:

Dielectric Properties of Materials: Polarization. Local Electric Field at an Atom. Depolarization Field. Electric Susceptibility. Polarizability. Clausius Mosotti Equation. Classical Theory of Electric Polarizability.

UNIT V:

Elementary band theory: Kronig Penny model. Band Gaps. Conductors, Semiconductors and insulators. P and N type Semiconductors. Conductivity of Semiconductors, mobility, Hall Effect, Hall coefficient.

- 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics, Charles Kittel, 8th Ed., 2004, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Elements of Solid State Physics, J.P. Srivastava, 2nd Ed., 2006, Prentice-Hall of

India

- 3. Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, 2004, Tata Mc-Graw Hill
- 4. Solid State Physics, Neil W. Ashcroft and N. David Mermin, 1976, Cengage Learning
- 5. Solid State Physics, Rita John, 2014, McGraw Hill
- 6. Solid-state Physics, H. Ibach and H Luth, 2009, Springer
- 7. Elementary Solid State Physics, 1/e M. Ali Omar, 1999, Pearson India
- 8. Solid State Physics, M.A. Wahab, 2011, Narosa Publications

BSC505A: ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY LAB

I. Separation Techniques

- 1. Chromatography:
- (a) Separation of mixtures
- (i) Paper chromatographic separation of Fe³⁺, Al³⁺, and Cr³⁺.
- (ii) Separation and identification of the monosaccharides present in the given mixture (glucose & fructose) by paper chromatography. Reporting the R_f values.
- (b) Separate a mixture of Sudan yellow and Sudan Red by TLC technique and identify them on the basis of their R_f values.
- (c) Chromatographic separation of the active ingredients of plants, flowers and juices by TLC

II. Solvent Extractions:

- (i) To separate a mixture of Ni²⁺ & Fe²⁺ by complexation with DMG and extracting the Ni²⁺-DMG complex in chloroform, and determine its concentration by spectrophotometry.
- (ii) Solvent extraction of zisconium with amberliti LA-1, separation from a mixture of irons and gallium.
- 3. Determine the pH of the given aerated drinks fruit juices, shampoos and soaps.
- 4. Determination of Na, Ca, Li in cola drinks and fruit juices using flame photometric techniques.
- 5. Analysis of soil:
- (i) Determination of pH of soil.
- (ii) Total soluble salt
- (iii) Estimation of calcium, magnesium, phosphate, nitrate
- 6. Ion exchange:
- (i) Determination of exchange capacity of cation exchange resins and anion exchange resins.
- (ii) Separation of metal ions from their binary mixture.

(iii) Separation of amino acids from organic acids by ion exchange chromatography.

III Spectrophotometry

- 1. Determination of pKa values of indicator using spectrophotometry.
- 2 Structural characterization of compounds by infrared spectroscopy.
- 3 Determination of dissolved oxygen in water.
- 4 Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD).
- 5 Determination of Biological oxygen demand (BOD).
- 6 Determine the composition of the ferric-salicylate/ ferric-thiocyanate complex by Job's method.

- ➤ Jeffery, G.H., Bassett, J., Mendham, J. & Denney, R.C. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, 1989.
- Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. *Instrumental Methods of Analysis*, 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Company Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- ➤ Christian, Gary D; Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- Harris, Daniel C: Exploring Chemical Analysis, Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2001.
- ➤ Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age, International Publisher, 2009.
- Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Ed.
- ➤ Mikes, O. *Laboratory Hand Book of Chromatographic & Allied Methods*, Elles Harwood Series on Analytical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, 1979.
- Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry; Methods of Separation, van Nostrand, 1974.

BSC505B: NOVEL INORGANIC SOLIDS LAB

- 1. Determination of cation exchange method
- 2. Determination of total difference of solids.
- 3. Synthesis of hydrogel by co-precipitation method.
- 4. Synthesis of silver and gold metal nanoparticles.

Reference Book:

Fahlman, B.D. Materials Chemistry, Springer, 2004.

BSC505C: ORGANOMETALLICS BIOINORGANIC CHEMISTRY POLYNUCLEAR HYDROCARBONS AND UV IR SPECTROSCOPY LAB

Section A: Inorganic Chemistry

1. Separation of mixtures by chromatography: Measure the R_f value in each case. (Combination of two ions to be given)

Paper chromatographic separation of Fe^{3+} , $A1^{3+}$ and Cr^{3+} or Paper chromatographic separation of Ni^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Mn^{2+} and Zn^{2+}

- 2. Preparation of any two of the following complexes and measurement of their conductivity:
- (i) tetraamminecarbonatocobalt (III) nitrate
- (ii) tetraamminecopper (II) sulphate
- (iii) potassium trioxalatoferrate (III) trihydrate

Compare the conductance of the complexes with that of M/1000 solution of NaCl, MgCl₂ and LiCl₃.

Section B: Organic Chemistry

Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis of Organic Compounds possessing monofunctional groups (-COOH, phenolic, aldehydic, ketonic, amide, nitro, amines) and preparation of one derivative.

- A.I. Vogel: Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Prentice Hall, 7th Edn.
- ➤ A.I. Vogel: Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Prentice Hall, 6th Edn.
- ➤ Vogel, A.I., Tatchell, A.R., Furnis, B.S., Hannaford, A.J. & Smith, P.W.G., *Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry*, Prentice-Hall, 5th edition, 1996.
- ➤ Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. *Practical Organic Chemistry* Orient-Longman, 1960.

BSC505D: CHEMISTRY OF MAIN GROUP ELEMENTS, THEORIES OF ACIDS AND BASES LAB.

- 1. Iodometric estimation of potassium dichromate and copper sulphate
- 2. Iodimetric estimation of antimony in tartaremetic
- 3. Estimation of amount of available chlorine in bleaching powder and household bleaches
- 4. Estimation of iodine in iodized salts.
- 5. Iodimetric estimation of ascorbic acid in fruit juices.
- 6. Estimation of dissolved oxygen in water samples.
- 7. Gravimetric estimation of sulphate as barium sulphate.
- 8. Gravimetric estimation of aluminium as oximato complex
- 9. Preparation of the following: potash alum, chrome alum, tetraamminecopper(II) sulphate monohydrate, potassium trioxalatoferrate(III) (any two, including one double salt and one complex).

Recommended Texts:

- Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Pearson Education, 2012.
- Mendham, J. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis, Pearson, 2009.

BSC506A: DIGITAL, ANALOG AND INSTRUMENTATIONLAB

- 1. To measure (a) Voltage, and (b) Frequency of a periodic waveform using a CRO
- 2. To verify and design AND, OR, NOT and XOR gates using NAND gates.
- 3. To minimize a given logic circuit.
- 4. Half adder, Full adder and 4-bit Binary Adder. 19
- 5. Adder-Subtractor using Full Adder I.C.
- 6. To design an astable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
- 7. To design a monostable multivibrator of given specifications using 555 Timer.
- 8. To study IV characteristics of PN diode, Zener and Light emitting diode
- 9. To study the characteristics of a Transistor in CE configuration.
- 10. To design a CE amplifier of a given gain (mid-gain) using voltage divider bias.
- 11. To design an inverting amplifier of given gain using Op-amp 741 and study its frequency response.
- 12. To design a non-inverting amplifier of given gain using Op-amp 741 and study its Frequency Response.
- 13. To study a precision Differential Amplifier of given I/O specification using Opamp.
- 14. To investigate the use of an op-amp as a Differentiator
- 15. To design a Wien Bridge Oscillator using an op-amp.

- 1. Basic Electronics: A text lab manual, P.B. Zbar, A.P. Malvino, M.A. Miller, 1994, Mc-Graw Hill.
- 2. Electronics: Fundamentals and Applications, J.D. Ryder, 2004, Prentice Hall.
- 3. OP-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuit, R. A. Gayakwad, 4th edition, 2000, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Electronic Principle, Albert Malvino, 2008, Tata Mc-Graw Hill.

BSC506B: ELEMENTS OF MODERN PHYSICSLAB

- 1. To determine value of Boltzmann constant using V-I characteristic of PN diode.
- 2. To determine work function of material of filament of directly heated vacuum diode.
- 3. To determine value of Planck's constant using LEDs of at least 4 different colours.
- 4. To determine the ionization potential of mercury.
- 5. To determine the wavelength of H-alpha emission line of Hydrogen atom.
- 6. To determine the absorption lines in the rotational spectrum of Iodine vapour.
- 7. To study the diffraction patterns of single and double slits using laser source and measure its intensity variation using Photosensor and compare with incoherent source Na light.
- 8. Photo-electric effect: photo current versus intensity and wavelength of light; maximum energy of photo-electrons versus frequency of light
- 9. To determine the value of e/m by magnetic focusing.
- 10. To setup the Millikan oil drop apparatus and determine the charge of an electron.

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint & H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and RamaRamakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

BSC506C: MATHEMATICAL PHYSICSLAB

- 1. Introduction and Overview: Computer architecture and organization, memory and Input/output devices.
- 2. Basics of scientific computing: Binary and decimal arithmetic, Floating point numbers, algorithms, Sequence, Selection and Repetition, single and double precision arithmetic, underflow & over flow emphasize the importance of making equations in terms of dimensionless variables, Iterative methods
- 3. Errors and error Analysis: Truncation and round off errors, Absolute and relative errors, Floating point computations.
- 4. Review of C & C++ Programming fundamentals: Introduction to Programming, constant variables and data types, operators and Expressions, I/O statements, scanf and printf, c in and c out, Manipulators for data formatting, Control statements (decision making and looping statements) (If-statement. If-else Statement. Nested if Structure. Else-if Statement. Ternary Operator. Goto Statement. Switch Statement. Unconditional and Conditional Looping. While-Loop. Do-While Loop. FOR Loop. Break and Continue Statements. Nested Loops), Arrays (1D&2D) and strings, user defined functions, Structures and Unions, Idea of classes and objects.
- 5. Programs: using C/C++ language: Sum & average of a list of numbers, largest of a given list of numbers and its location in the list, sorting of numbers in ascending-descending order, Binary search
- 6. Random number generation: Area of circle, area of square, volume of sphere, value of pi (π)
- 7. Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations by Bisection, Newton Raphson and Secant methods: Solution of linear and quadratic equation, solving $\alpha = tan\alpha; I = I_0 \left(\frac{sin\alpha}{\alpha}\right)^2 \text{ in optics.}$
- 8. Interpolation by Newton Gregory Forward and Backward difference formula, Error, estimation of linear interpolation: Evaluation of trigonometric functions e.g. $\sin \theta$, $\cos \theta$, $\tan \theta$, etc.
- 9. Numerical differentiation (Forward and Backward difference formula) and Integration (Trapezoidal and Simpson rules), Monte Carlo method: Given Position with equidistant time data to calculate velocity and acceleration and vice-versa. Find the area of B-H Hysteresis loop
- 10. Solution of Ordinary Differential Equations (ODE), First order Differential equation Euler, modified Euler and Runge-Kutta (RK), second and fourth order methods: First order differential equation
 - Radioactive decay
 - Current in RC, LC circuits with DC source

- Newton's law of cooling
- Classical equations of motion

Attempt following problems using RK 4 order method:

• Solve the coupled differential equations $\frac{dx}{dt} = y + x - \frac{x^3}{3}$; $\frac{dy}{dx} = -x$ for four initial conditions x(0) = 0; y(0) = -1, -2, -3, -4 plot x vs y for each of the four initial conditions on the same screen for $0 \le t \le 15$.

The differential equation describing the motion of a pendulum is $\frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} = -sin(\theta)$. The pendulum is released from rest at an angular displacement α , i.e. $\theta(0) = \alpha$ and $\theta'(0) = 0$. Solve the equation for $\alpha = 0.1, 0.5$ and 1.0 and plot θ as a function of time in the range $0 \le t \le 8\pi$. Also plot the analytic solution valid for small θ , $\sin(\theta) = \theta$.

- Introduction to Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, 5thEdn., 2012, PHI Learning Pvt.
 Ltd
- 2. Schaum's Outline of Programming with C++. J.Hubbard, 2000, McGraw-Hill Publications.
- 3. Numerical Recipes in C++: The Art of Scientific Computing, W.H. Pressetal., 3rdEdn., 2007, Cambridge University Press.
- A first course in Numerical Methods, Uri M. Ascher and Chen Greif, 2012, PHI Learning
- 5. Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E. Atkinson, 3 r dEdn., 2007, Wiley India Edition.
- Numerical Methods for Scientists and Engineers, R.W. Hamming, 1973, Courier Dover Pub.
- An Introduction to Computational Physics, T. Pang, 2ndEdn., 2006, Cambridge Univ. Press

BSC506D: SOLID STATE PHYSICSLAB

- 1. Measurement of susceptibility of paramagnetic solution (Quinck's Tube Method)
- 2. To measure the Magnetic susceptibility of Solids.
- 3. To determine the Coupling Coefficient of a Piezoelectric crystal.
- 4. To measure the Dielectric Constant of a dielectric Materials with frequency
- 5. To determine the complex dielectric constant and plasma frequency of metal using Surface Plasmon resonance (SPR)
- 6. To determine the refractive index of a dielectric layer using SPR
- 7. To study the PE Hysteresis loop of a Ferroelectric Crystal.
- 8. To draw the BH curve of iron using a Solenoid and determine the energy loss from Hysteresis.
- 9. To measure the resistivity of a semiconductor (Ge) crystal with temperature by fourprobe method (from room temperature to 150 oC) and to determine its band gap.
- 10. To determine the Hall coefficient of a semiconductor sample.

- 1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint and H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Ed., 2011,

SIXTH SEMESTER

THEORY PAPERS		No. of Teaching Hours			Marks Allocation			
Code	Subject/Paper	L	Т	P	IA	EA	Total	Credits
BSC601	SEC-4 (Choose any one)							
BSC601A	Transportation and Game Theory							
BSC601B	Graph Theory							
BSC601C	Applied optics	3	-	-	30	70	100	3
BSC601D	Basic instrumentation skills	-						
BSC601E	Chemical Technology & Society							
BSC601F	Fuel Chemistry							
BSC602	DSE-1B (Choose any one)							
BSC602A	Numerical Methods	6	_	_	30	70	100	6
BSC602B	Complex Analysis							
BSC602C	Linear Programming)							
BSC603	DSE-2B (Choose any one)							
BSC603A	Polymer Chemistry							
BSC603B	Green Chemistry	5	-	-	30	70	100	5
BSC603C	Instrumental Methods of Analysis							
BSC603D	Quantum Chemistry, Spectroscopy & Photochemistry							
BSC604	DSE-3B (Choose any one)							
BSC604A	Quantum Mechanics							
BSC604B	Embedded System: Introduction to microcontroller	5	2*	-	30	70	100	5 (+2*)
BSC604C	Nuclear and Particle Physics							
	(Theory + Tutorials 2*)							
BSC604D	Medical Physics							

PRACTICALS/VIVA-VOCE		No. of Teaching Hours			Sessional	Practical	Total	Credits
BSC605	DSE-2B (Choose any one)							
BSC605A	Polymer Chemistry Lab							
BSC605B	Green Chemistry Lab	_	-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC605C	Instrumental Methods of Analysis Lab							
BSC605D	Quantum Chemistry, Spectroscopy & Photochemistry Lab							
BSC606	DSE-3B (Choose any one)							
BSC606A	Quantum Mechanics Lab		-	4	30	20	50	2
BSC606B	Embedded System: Introduction to microcontroller Lab							
BSC606D	Medical Physics Lab							
TOTAL		19	-	8	180	320	500	23

BSC601A: TRANSPORTATION AND GAME THEORY

Unit I

Transportation problem and its mathematical formulation, northwest-corner method, least cost method.

Unit II

algorithm for solving transportation problem, assignment problem and its mathematical formulation.

Unit III

Job Sequencing Problems

Unit IV

Game theory: formulation of two person zero sum games.

Unit V

Games with mixed strategies, graphical solution procedure.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Mokhtar S. Bazaraa, John J. Jarvis and Hanif D. Sherali, *Linear Programming and Network Flows*, 2nd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, India, 2004.
- 2. F. S. Hillier and G. J. Lieberman, *Introduction to Operations Research*, 9th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, Singapore, 2009.
- 3. Hamdy A. Taha, *Operations Research, An Introduction*, 8th Ed., Prentice-Hall India, 2006.

BSC601B: GRAPH THEORY

Unit I

Definition, examples and basic properties of graphs, pseudographs, complete graphs.

Unit II

isomorphism of graphs, paths and circuits, Hamiltonian cycles.

Unit III

the adjacency matrix, weighted graph,

Unit IV

travelling salesman's problem, shortest path, Dijkstra's algorithm.

Unit V

Trees. Spanning trees.

Books Recommended:

- 1. Edgar G. Goodaire and Michael M. Parmenter, *Discrete Mathematics with Graph Theory* 2nd Ed., Pearson Education (Singapore) P. Ltd., Indian Reprint, 2003.
- 2. Rudolf Lidl and Günter Pilz, *Applied Abstract Algebra*, 2nd Ed., Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer (SIE), Indian reprint, 2004.

BSC601C: APPLIED OPTICS

Unit I:

Sources and Detectors

Lasers, Spontaneous and stimulated emissions, Theory of laser action, Einstein's coefficients, Light amplification, Characterization of laser beam, He-Ne laser, Semiconductor lasers.

Experiments on Lasers:

- a. Determination of the grating radial spacing of the Compact Disc (CD) by reflection using He-Ne or solid state laser.
- b. To find the width of the wire or width of the slit using diffraction pattern obtained by a He-Ne or solid state laser.
- c. To find the polarization angle of laser light using polarizer and analyzer
- d. Thermal expansion of quartz using laser

Unit II:

Fourier Optics

Concept of Spatial frequency filtering, Fourier transforming property of a thin lens

Unit III:.

Fourier Transform Spectroscopy

Fourier Transform Spectroscopy (FTS) is a powerful method for measuring emission and absorption spectra, with wide application in atmospheric remote sensing, NMR spectrometry and forensic science.

Unit IV:

Holography

Basic principle and theory: coherence, resolution, Types of holograms, white light reflection hologram, application of holography in microscopy, interferometry, and character recognition

Unit V:

Photonics: Fibre Optics

Optical fibres and their properties, Principal of light propagation through a fibre, The numerical aperture, Attenuation in optical fibre and attenuation limit, Single mode and multimode fibres, Fibre optic sensors: Fibre Bragg Grating

Reference Books:

1. Fundamental of optics, F. A. Jenkins & H. E. White, 1981, Tata McGraw hill.

- 2. LASERS: Fundamentals & applications, K.Thyagrajan & A.K.Ghatak, 2010, Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. Fibre optics through experiments, M.R. Shenoy, S.K. Khijwania, et.al. 2009, Viva Books
- 4. Nonlinear Optics, Robert W. Boyd, (Chapter-I), 2008, Elsevier.
- 5. Optics, Karl Dieter Moller, Learning by computing with model examples, 2007, Springer.
- 6. Optical Systems and Processes, Joseph Shamir, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 7. Optoelectronic Devices and Systems, S.C. Gupta, 2005, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 8. Optical Physics, A.Lipson, S.G.Lipson, H.Lipson, 4th Edn., 1996, Cambridge Univ. Press

BSC601D: BASIC INSTRUMENTATION SKILLS

Unit I:

Basic of Measurement: Instruments accuracy, precision, sensitivity, resolution range etc. Errors in measurements and loading effects.

Unit II:

Electronic Voltmeter: Advantage over conventional multimeter for voltage measurement with respect to input impedance and sensitivity. Principles of voltage, measurement (block diagram only). Specifications of an electronic Voltmeter/ Multimeter and their significance.

Unit III:

Cathode Ray **Oscilloscope:** Block diagram of basic CRO. Construction of CRT, Electron gun, electrostatic focusing and acceleration (Explanation only– no mathematical treatment), brief discussion on screen phosphor, visual persistence & chemical composition. Time base operation, synchronization. Front panel controls.

Unit IV:

Signal Generators and Analysis Instruments: Block diagram, explanation and specifications of low frequency signal generators. pulse generator, and function generator. Brief idea for testing, specifications. Distortion factor meter, wave analysis. **(3 Lectures)**

Unit V:

Digital Instruments: Principle and working of digital meters. Comparison of analog & digital instruments. Characteristics of a digital meter. Working principles of digital voltmeter. **Digital Multimeter:** Block diagram and working of a digital multimeter. Working principle of time interval, frequency and period measurement using universal counter/ frequency counter, time- base stability, accuracy and resolution.

The test of lab skills will be of the following test items:

- 1. Use of an oscilloscope.
- 2. CRO as a versatile measuring device.
- 3. Circuit tracing of Laboratory electronic equipment,
- 4. Use of Digital multimeter/VTVM for measuring voltages
- 5. Circuit tracing of Laboratory electronic equipment,
- 6. Winding a coil / transformer.

- 7. Study the layout of receiver circuit.
- 8. Trouble shooting a circuit
- 9. Balancing of bridges

Laboratory Exercises:

- 1. To observe the loading effect of a multimeter while measuring voltage across a low resistance and high resistance.
- 2. To observe the limitations of a multimeter for measuring high frequency voltage and currents.
- 3. To measure Q of a coil and its dependence on frequency, using a Q- meter.
- 4. Measurement of voltage, frequency, time period and phase angle using CRO.
- 5. Measurement of time period, frequency, average period using universal counter/frequency counter.
- 6. Measurement of rise, fall and delay times using a CRO.
- 7. Measurement of distortion of a RF signal generator using distortion factor meter.
- 8. Measurement of R, L and C using a LCR bridge/universal bridge.

Open Ended Experiments:

- 1. Using a Dual Trace Oscilloscope
- 2. Converting the range of a given measuring instrument (voltmeter, ammeter)

Reference Books:

- 1. A text book in Electrical Technology B L Theraja S Chand and Co.
- 2. Performance and design of AC machines M G Say ELBS Edn.
- 3. Digital Circuits and systems, Venugopal, 2011, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Logic circuit design, Shimon P. Vingron, 2012, Springer.
- 5. Digital Electronics, Subrata Ghoshal, 2012, Cengage Learning.
- 6. Electronic Devices and circuits, S. Salivahanan & N. S.Kumar, 3rd Ed., 2012,

Tata Mc-Graw Hill

- 7. Electronic circuits: Handbook of design and applications, U.Tietze, Ch.Schenk, 2008, Springer
 - 8. Electronic Devices, 7/e Thomas L. Floyd, 2008, Pearson India

BSC601E: CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY & SOCIETY

UNIT-I

Chemical Technology:

Basic principles of distillation, solvent extraction, solid-liquid leaching and liquidliquid extraction.

UNIT-II

An introduction into the scope of different types of equipment needed in chemical technology, including reactors, distillation columns, extruders, pumps, mills, emulgators.

UNIT-III

Society:

Exploration of societal and technological issues from a chemical perspective. Chemical and scientific literacy as a means to better understand topics like air and water.

UNIT-IV

Energy from natural sources (i.e. solar and renewable forms), from fossil fuels and from nuclear fission.

UNIT-V

Proteins and nucleic acids, and molecular reactivity and interconversions from simple examples like combustion to complex instance.

Reference Book:

➤ John W. Hill, Terry W. McCreary & Doris K. Kolb, *Chemistry for changing times*13th Ed.

BSC601F: FUEL CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

Review of energy sources (renewable and non-renewable).

UNIT-II

Coal: Uses of coal (fuel and nonfuel) in various industries, its composition, carbonization of coal. Fractionation of coal tar, uses of coal tar bases chemicals, requisites of a good metallurgical coke, Coal gasification (Hydro gasification and Catalytic gasification), Coal liquefaction and Solvent Refining.

UNIT-III

Petroleum and Petrochemical Industry: Composition of crude petroleum, Refining and different types of petroleum products and their applications.

UNIT-IV

Reforming Petroleum and non-petroleum fuels (LPG, CNG, LNG, bio-gas, fuels derived from biomass), fuel from waste, synthetic fuels (gaseous and liquids), clean fuels.

UNIT-V

Lubricants: Classification of lubricants, lubricating oils (conducting and nonconducting) Solid and semisolid lubricants.

BSC602A: NUMERICAL METHODS

Unit I

Algorithms, Convergence, Bisection method, False position method, Fixed point iteration method, Newton's method, Secant method,

Unit II

LU decomposition, Gauss-Jacobi, Gauss-Siedel and SOR iterative methods.

Unit III

Lagrange and Newton interpolation: linear and higher order, finite difference operators.

Unit IV

Numerical differentiation: forward difference, backward difference and central Difference.

Unit V

Integration: trapezoidal rule, Simpson's rule, Euler's method.

Recommended Books

- 1. B. Bradie, *A Friendly Introduction to Numerical Analysis*, Pearson Education, India, 2007.
- 2. M.K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar and R.K. Jain, *Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation*, 5th Ed., New age International Publisher, India, 2007.

BSC602B: COMPLEX ANALYSIS

Unit I

Limits, Limits involving the point at infinity, continuity. Properties of complex numbers, regions in the complex plane, functions of complex variable,

Unit II

mappings.Derivatives, differentiation formulas, Cauchy-Riemann equations, sufficient conditions for differentiability.

Unit III

Analytic functions, examples of analytic functions, exponential function, Logarithmic function, trigonometric function, derivatives of functions,

Unit IV

Definite integrals of functions. Contours, Contour integrals and its examples, upper bounds for moduli of contour integrals. Cauchy-Goursat theorem, Cauchy integral formula.

Unit V

Liouville's theorem and the fundamental theorem of algebra. Convergence of sequences and series, Taylor series and its examples. Laurent series and its examples, absolute and uniform convergence of power series.

Books Recommended

- 1. James Ward Brown and Ruel V. Churchill, *Complex Variables and Applications*, 8th Ed., McGraw Hill International Edition, 2009. 122
- **2.** Joseph Bak and Donald J. Newman, *Complex analysis*, 2nd Ed., Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer-Verlag New York, Inc., New York, 1997.

BSC602C: LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Unit I

Linear Programming Problems, Graphical Approach for Solving some Linear Programs.

Unit II

Convex Sets, Supporting and Separating Hyperplanes. Theory of simplex method, optimality and unboundedness, the simplex algorithm,

Unit III

simplex method in tableau format, introduction to artificial variables, two-phase method, Big-M method and their comparison.

Unit IV

Duality, formulation of the dual problem, primal- dual relationships, economic interpretation of the dual, sensitivity analysis.

Unit V

Assignment and Transportation problems

Recommended Books

- 1. Mokhtar S. Bazaraa, John J. Jarvis and Hanif D. Sherali, *Linear programming and Network Flows*, 2nd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, India, 2004.
- 2. F.S. Hillier and G.J. Lieberman, *Introduction to Operations Research*, 8th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, Singapore, 2004.
- 3. Hamdy A. Taha, *Operations Research, An Introduction*, 8th Ed., Prentice-Hall India, 2006.

BSC603A: POLYMER CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

Introduction and history of polymeric materials:

Different schemes of classification of polymers, Polymer nomenclature, Molecular forces and chemical bonding in polymers, Texture of polymers.

Functionality and its importance: Criteria for synthetic polymer formation, classification of polymerization processes, Relationships between functionality, extent of reaction and degree of polymerization. Bi-functional systems, Poly-functional systems.

UNIT-II

Kinetics of Polymerization:

Mechanism and kinetics of step growth, radical chain growth, ionic chain (both cationic and anionic) and coordination polymerizations, Mechanism and kinetics of copolymerization, polymerization techniques.

UNIT-III

Crystallization and crystallinity:

Determination of crystalline melting point and degree of crystallinity, Morphology of crystalline polymers, Factors affecting crystalline melting point.

Nature and structure of polymers-Structure Property relationships.

Determination of molecular weight of polymers (*Mn*, *Mw*, etc) by end group analysis, viscometry, light scattering and osmotic pressure methods. Molecular weight distribution and its significance. Polydispersity index.

UNIT-IV

Glass transition temperature (Tg) and determination of Tg, Free volume theory, WLF equation, Factors affecting glass transition temperature (Tg).

Polymer Solution – Criteria for polymer solubility, Solubility parameter, Thermodynamics of polymer solutions, entropy, enthalpy, and free energy change of mixing of polymers solutions, Flory-Huggins theory, Lower and Upper critical solution temperatures.

UNIT-V

Properties of Polymers (Physical, thermal, flow & mechanical properties). Brief introduction to preparation, structure, properties and application of the following polymers: polyolefins, polystyrene and styrene copolymers, poly(vinyl chloride) and related polymers, poly(vinyl acetate) and related polymers, acrylic polymers, fluoro polymers, polyamides and related polymers. Phenol formaldehyde resins (Bakelite, Novalac), polyurethanes, silicone polymers, polydienes, Polycarbonates, Conducting Polymers, [polyacetylene, polyaniline, poly(p-phenylene sulphide polypyrrole, polythiophene)].

- Seymour, R.B. & Carraher, C.E. Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1981.
- ➤ Odian, G. *Principles of Polymerization*, 4th Ed. Wiley, 2004.
- ➤ Billmeyer, F.W. *Textbook of Polymer Science*, 2nd Ed. Wiley Interscience, 1971.
- > Ghosh, P. Polymer Science & Technology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1991.
- Lenz, R.W. Organic Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers. Interscience Publishers, New York, 1967.

BSC603B: GREEN CHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

Introduction to Green Chemistry:

What is Green Chemistry? Need for Green Chemistry. Goals of Green Chemistry. Limitations/ Obstacles in the pursuit of the goals of Green Chemistry.

Principles of Green Chemistry and Designing a Chemical synthesis I:

Twelve principles of Green Chemistry with their explanations and examples and special emphasis on the following (1-2):

- Designing a Green Synthesis using these principles; Prevention of Waste/byproducts; maximum incorporation of the materials used in the process into the final products, Atom Economy, calculation of atom economy of the rearrangement, addition, substitution and elimination reactions.
- 2. Prevention/ minimization of hazardous/ toxic products reducing toxicity. risk = (function) hazard × exposure; waste or pollution prevention hierarchy.

UNIT-II

Principles of Green Chemistry and Designing a Chemical synthesis II:

Twelve principles of Green Chemistry with their explanations and examples and special emphasis on the following (3-6):

- Green solvents— supercritical fluids, water as a solvent for organic reactions, ionic liquids, fluorous biphasic solvent, PEG, solventless processes, immobilized solvents and how to compare greenness of solvents.
- 4. Energy requirements for reactions alternative sources of energy: use of microwaves and ultrasonic energy.

- 5. Selection of starting materials; avoidance of unnecessary derivatization –careful use of blocking/protecting groups.
- 6. Use of catalytic reagents (wherever possible) in preference to stoichiometric reagents; catalysis and green chemistry, comparison of heterogeneous and homogeneous catalysis, biocatalysis, asymmetric catalysis and photocatalysis.

UNIT-III

Principles of Green Chemistry and Designing a Chemical synthesis II:

Twelve principles of Green Chemistry with their explanations and examples and special emphasis on the following (7-8):

- 7. Prevention of chemical accidents designing greener processes, inherent safer design, principle of ISD "What you don't have cannot harm you", greener alternative to Bhopal Gas Tragedy (safer route to carcarbaryl) and Flixiborough accident (safer route to cyclohexanol) subdivision of ISD, minimization, simplification, substitution, moderation and limitation.
- 8. Strengthening/ development of analytical techniques to prevent and minimize the generation of hazardous substances in chemical processes.

UNIT-IV

Examples of Green Synthesis/ Reactions and some real world cases I:

- 1. Green Synthesis of the following compounds: adipic acid, catechol, disodium iminodiacetate (alternative to Strecker synthesis)
- 2. Microwave assisted reactions in water: Hofmann Elimination, methyl benzoate to benzoic acid, oxidation of toluene and alcohols; microwave assisted reactions in organic solvents Diels-Alder reaction and Decarboxylation reaction

- 3. Ultrasound assisted reactions: sonochemical Simmons-Smith Reaction (Ultrasonic alternative to Iodine)
- 4 Surfactants for carbon dioxide replacing smog producing and ozone depleting solvents with CO2 for precision cleaning and dry cleaning of garments.

UNIT-V

Examples of Green Synthesis/ Reactions and some real world cases II:

- 5 Designing of Environmentally safe marine antifoulant.
- 6 Rightfit pigment: synthetic azopigments to replace toxic organic and inorganic pigments.
- 7 An efficient, green synthesis of a compostable and widely applicable plastic (poly lactic acid) made from corn.
- 8 Healthier fats and oil by Green Chemistry: Enzymatic interesterification for production of no Trans-Fats and Oils
- 9 Development of Fully Recyclable Carpet: Cradle to Cradle Carpeting

Future Trends in Green Chemistry

Oxidation reagents and catalysts; Biomimetic, multifunctional reagents; Combinatorial green chemistry; Proliferation of solventless reactions; co crystal ontrolled solid state synthesis (C2S3); Green chemistry in sustainable development.

- Ahluwalia, V.K. & Kidwai, M.R. New Trends in Green Chemistry, Anamalaya Publishers (2005).
- Anastas, P.T. & Warner, J.K.: *Green Chemistry Theory and Practical*, Oxford University Press (1998).
- Matlack, A.S. *Introduction to Green Chemistry*, Marcel Dekker (2001).

- ➤ Cann, M.C. & Connely, M.E. *Real-World cases in Green Chemistry*, American Chemical Society, Washington (2000).
- ➤ Ryan, M.A. & Tinnesand, M. *Introduction to Green Chemistry*, American Chemical Society, Washington (2002).
 - Lancaster, M. Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text RSC Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2010.

BSC603C: INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS

UNIT-I

Introduction to spectroscopic methods of analysis:

Recap of the spectroscopic methods covered in detail in the core chemistry syllabus: Treatment of analytical data, including error analysis. Classification of analytical methods and the types of instrumental methods. Consideration of electromagnetic radiation.

Molecular spectroscopy I:

Infrared spectroscopy:

Interactions with molecules: absorption and scattering. Means of excitation (light sources), separation of spectrum (wavelength dispersion, time resolution), detection of the signal (heat, differential detection), interpretation of spectrum (qualitative, mixtures, resolution), advantages of Fourier Transform (FTIR). Samples and results expected. Applications: Issues of quality assurance and quality control, Special problems for portable instrumentation and rapid detection.

UNIT-II

Molecular spectroscopy II:

UV-Visible/Near IR – emission, absorption, fluorescence and photoaccoustic. Excitation sources (lasers, time resolution), wavelength dispersion (gratings, prisms, interference filters, laser, placement of sample relative to dispersion, resolution), Detection of signal (photocells, photomultipliers, diode arrays, sensitivity and S/N), Single and Double Beam instruments, Interpretation (quantification, mixtures, absorption vs. fluorescence and the use of time, photoaccoustic, fluorescent tags).

UNIT-III

Separation techniques

Chromatography: Gas chromatography, liquid chromatography, supercritical fluids, Importance of column technology (packing, capillaries), Separation based on increasing number of factors (volatility, solubility, interactions with stationary phase, size, electrical field), Detection: simple vs. specific (gas and liquid), Detection as a means of further analysis (use of tags and coupling to IR and MS), Electrophoresis (plates and capillary) and use with DNA analysis.

Immunoassays and DNA techniques:

Mass spectroscopy: Making the gaseous molecule into an ion (electron impact, chemical ionization), Making liquids and solids into ions (electrospray, electrical discharge, laser desorption, fast atom bombardment), Separation of ions on basis of mass to charge ratio, Magnetic, Time of flight, Electric quadrupole. Resolution, time and multiple separations, Detection and interpretation (how this is linked to excitation).

UNIT-IV

Elemental analysis:

Mass spectrometry (electrical discharges).

Atomic spectroscopy: Atomic absorption, Atomic emission, and Atomic fluorescence. Excitation and getting sample into gas phase (flames, electrical discharges, plasmas), Wavelength separation and resolution (dependence on technique), Detection of radiation (simultaneous/scanning, signal noise), Interpretation (errors due to molecular and ionic species, matrix effects, other interferences).

UNIT-V

NMR spectroscopy: **P**rinciple, Instrumentation, Factors affecting chemical shift, Spin-coupling, Applications.

Electroanalytical Methods: Potentiometry & Voltammetry

Radiochemical Methods

X-ray analysis and electron spectroscopy (surface analysis)

- Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Ed.
- Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Company Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- > P.W. Atkins: Physical Chemistry.
- ➤ G.W. Castellan: Physical Chemistry.
- > C.N. Banwell: Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy.
- ➤ Brian Smith: Infrared Spectral Interpretations: A Systematic Approach.
- ➤ W.J. Moore: Physical Chemistry.

BSC603D: QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, SPECTROSCOPY & PHOTOCHEMISTRY

UNIT-I

Quantum Chemistry I:

Postulates of quantum mechanics, quantum mechanical operators, Schrödinger equation and its application to free particle and "particle-in-a-box" (rigorous treatment), quantization of energy levels, zero-point energy and Heisenberg Uncertainty principle; wavefunctions, probability distribution functions, nodal properties, Extension to two and three dimensional boxes, separation of variables, degeneracy. Qualitative treatment of simple harmonic oscillator model of vibrational motion: Setting up of Schrödinger equation and discussion of solution and wavefunctions. Vibrational energy of diatomic molecules and zero-point energy. Angular momentum: Commutation rules, quantization of square of total angular momentum and z-component.

UNIT-II

Quantum ChemistryII:

Rigid rotator model of rotation of diatomic molecule. Schrödinger equation, transformation to spherical polar coordinates. Separation of variables. Spherical harmonics. Discussion of solution. Qualitative treatment of hydrogen atom and hydrogen-like ions: setting up of Schrödinger equation in spherical polar coordinates, radial part, quantization of energy (only final energy expression). Average and most probable distances of electron from nucleus. Setting up of Schrödinger equation for many-electron atoms (He, Li). Need for approximation methods. Statement of variation theorem and application to simple systems (particle-in-a-box, harmonic oscillator, hydrogen atom).

UNIT-III

Chemical Bonding:

Covalent bonding, valence bond and molecular orbital approaches, LCAO-MO treatment of H₂⁺. Bonding and antibonding orbitals. Qualitative extension to H₂. Comparison of LCAO-MO and VB treatments of H₂ (only wavefunctions, detailed solution not required) and their limitations. Refinements of the two approaches (Configuration Interaction for MO, ionic terms in VB). Qualitative description of LCAO-MO treatment of homonuclear and heteronuclear diatomic molecules (HF, LiH). Localised and non-localised molecular orbitals treatment of triatomic (BeH2, H2O) molecules. Qualitative MO theory and its application to AH2 type molecules.

UNIT-IV

Molecular Spectroscopy:

Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with molecules and various types of spectra; Born-Oppenheimer approximation.

Rotation spectroscopy: Selection rules, intensities of spectral lines, determination of bond lengths of diatomic and linear triatomic molecules, isotopic substitution.

Vibrational spectroscopy: Classical equation of vibration, computation of force constant, amplitude of diatomic molecular vibrations, anharmonicity, Morse potential, dissociation energies, fundamental frequencies, overtones, hot bands, degrees of freedom for polyatomic molecules, modes of vibration, concept of group frequencies. Vibration-rotation spectroscopy: diatomic vibrating rotator, P, Q, R branches.

Raman spectroscopy: Qualitative treatment of Rotational Raman effect; Effect of nuclear spin, Vibrational Raman spectra, Stokes and anti-Stokes lines; their intensity difference, rule of mutual exclusion.

UNIT-V

Electronic spectroscopy: Franck-Condon principle, electronic transitions, singlet and triplet states, fluorescence and phosphorescence, dissociation and predissociation, calculation of electronic transitions of polyenes using free electron model.

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy: Principles of NMR spectroscopy, Larmor precession, chemical shift and low resolution spectra, different scales, spin-spin coupling and high resolution spectra, interpretation of PMR spectra of organic molecules.

Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) spectroscopy: Its principle, hyperfine structure, ESR of simple radicals.

Photochemistry:

Characteristics of electromagnetic radiation, Lambert-Beer's law and its limitations, physical significance of absorption coefficients. Laws, of photochemistry, quantum yield, actinometry, examples of low and high quantum yields, photochemical equilibrium and the differential rate of photochemical reactions, photosensitized reactions, quenching. Role of photochemical reactions in biochemical processes, photostationary states, chemiluminescence.

- ➤ Banwell, C. N. & McCash, E. M. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy 4th Ed. Tata McGraw-Hill: New Delhi (2006).
- ➤ Chandra, A. K. *Introductory Quantum Chemistry* Tata McGraw-Hill (2001).
- ➤ House, J. E. Fundamentals of Quantum Chemistry 2nd Ed. Elsevier: USA (2004).
- Lowe, J. P. & Peterson, K. *Quantum Chemistry*, Academic Press (2005).
- ➤ Kakkar, R. *Atomic & Molecular Spectroscopy: Concepts & Applications*, Cambridge University Press (2015).

BSC604A: QUANTUM MECHANICS

UNIT I:

Time dependent Schrodinger equation: Time dependent Schrodinger equation and dynamical evolution of a quantum state; Properties of Wave Function. Interpretation of Wave Function Probability and probability current densities in three dimensions; Conditions for Physical Acceptability of Wave Functions. Normalization. Linearity and

Superposition Principles. Eigenvalues and Eigenfunctions. Position, momentum & Energy operators; commutator of position and momentum operators; Expectation values of position and momentum. Wave Function of a Free Particle.

UNIT II:

Time independent Schrodinger equation-Hamiltonian, stationary states and energy eigenvalues; expansion of an arbitrary wavefunction as a linear combination of energy eigenfunctions; General solution of the time dependent Schrodinger equation in terms of linear combinations of stationary states; Application to the spread of Gaussian wavepacket for a free particle in one dimension; wave packets, Fourier transforms and momentum space wavefunction; Position-momentum uncertainty principle.

UNIT III:

General discussion of bound states in an arbitrary potential- continuity of wave function, boundary condition and emergence of discrete energy levels; application to one-dimensional problem- square well potential; Quantum mechanics of simple harmonic oscillator-energy levels and energy eigenfunctions using Frobenius method.

UNIT IV:

Quantum theory of hydrogen-like atoms: time independent Schrodinger equation in spherical polar coordinates; separation of variables for the second order partial differential equation; angular momentum operator and quantum numbers; Radial wavefunctions from Frobenius method; Orbital angular momentum quantum numbers l and m; s, p, d,.. shells (idea only)

UNIT V:

Atoms in Electric and Magnetic Fields:- Electron Angular Momentum. Space Quantization. Electron Spin and Spin Angular Momentum. Larmor's Theorem. Spin Magnetic Moment. Stern-Gerlach Experiment. Zeeman Effect: Electron Magnetic Moment and Magnetic Energy, Gyromagnetic Ratio and Bohr Magneton.

Atoms in External Magnetic Fields:- Normal and Anomalous Zeeman Effect.

Many electron atoms:- Pauli's Exclusion Principle. Symmetric and Antisymmetric Wave Functions. Periodic table. Fine structure. Spin orbit coupling. Spectral Notations for Atomic States. Total Angular Momentum. Vector Model. Spin-orbit coupling in atoms-L-S and J-J couplings.

Reference Books:

- A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, P.M. Mathews & K. Venkatesan, 2nd Ed., 2010, McGraw Hill
- 2. Quantum Mechanics, Robert Eisberg and Robert Resnick, 2ndEdn., 2002, Wiley.
- 3. Quantum Mechanics, Leonard I. Schiff, 3rdEdn. 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Quantum Mechanics, G. Aruldhas, 2ndEdn. 2002, PHI Learning of India.
- 5. Quantum Mechanics, Bruce Cameron Reed, 2008, Jones and Bartlett Learning. 28
- Quantum Mechanics for Scientists & Engineers, D.A.B. Miller, 2008, Cambridge University Press

Additional Books for Reference

- 1. Quantum Mechanics, Eugen Merzbacher, 2004, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.
- 2. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, David J. Griffith, 2nd Ed. 2005, Pearson Education
- 3. Quantum Mechanics, Walter Greiner, 4thEdn., 2001, Springer

BSC604B: EMBEDDED SYSTEM: INTRODUCTION TO MICROCONTROLLER

UNIT I:

Embedded system introduction: Introduction to embedded systems and general purpose

computer systems, architecture of embedded system, classifications, applications and purpose of

embedded systems, challenges and design issues in embedded systems, operational and non-

operational quality attributes of embedded systems, elemental description of embedded

processors and microcontrollers.

UNIT II:

Review of microprocessors: Organization of Microprocessor based system, 8085µp pin diagram

and architecture, concept of data bus and address bus, 8085 programming model, instruction

classification, subroutines, stacks and its implementation, delay subroutines, hardware and

software interrupts.

UNIT III:

8051 microcontroller: Introduction and block diagram of 8051 microcontroller, architecture of

8051, overview of 8051 family, 8051 assembly language programming, Program Counter and

ROM memory map, Data types and directives, Flag bits and Program Status Word (PSW)

register, Jump, loop and call instructions.

8051 I/O port programming: Introduction of I/O port programming, pin out diagram of 8051

microcontroller, I/O port pins description and their functions, I/O port programming in 8051,

(Using Assembly Language), I/O programming: Bit manipulation.

UNIT IV:

Programming of 8051: 8051 addressing modes and accessing memory using various addressing

modes, assembly language instructions using each addressing mode, arithmetic & logic

instructions, 8051 programming in C:- for time delay and I/O operations and manipulation, for

arithmetic & logic operations, for ASCII and BCD conversions.

Timer and counter programming: Programming 8051 timers, counter programming.

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Serial port programming with and without interrupt: Introduction to 8051 interrupts, programming timer interrupts, programming external hardware interrupts and serial communication interrupt, interrupt priority in the 8051.

UNIT V:

Interfacing 8051 microcontroller to peripherals: Parallel and serial ADC, DAC interfacing, LCD interfacing.

Programming Embedded Systems: Structure of embedded program, infinite loop, compiling, linking and locating, downloading and debugging.

Embedded system design and development: Embedded system development environment, file types generated after cross compilation, disassembler/ decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging, embedded product development life-cycle, trends in embedded industry.

- Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming & Design, R. Kamal, 2008, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C, M.A. Mazidi, J.G. Mazidi, and R.D. McKinlay, 2nd Ed., 2007, Pearson Education India.
- Embedded Microcomputor System: Real Time Interfacing, J.W. Valvano, 2000, Brooks/Cole
- 4. Embedded Systems and Robots, Subrata Ghoshal, 2009, Cengage Learning
- 5. Introduction to embedded system, K.V. Shibu, 1st Edition, 2009, McGraw Hill
- 6. Microcontrollers in practice, I.Susnea and M.Mitescu, 2005, Springer.
- 7. Embedded Systems: Design & applications, 1/e S.F. Barrett, 2008, Pearson Education India
- 8. Embedded Microcomputer systems: Real time interfacing, J.W.Valvano 2011, Cengage Learning

BSC604C: NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS

UNIT I:

General Properties of Nuclei: Constituents of nucleus and their Intrinsic properties, quantitative facts about size, mass, charge density (matter energy), binding energy, average binding energy and its variation with mass number, main features of binding energy versus mass number curve, N/A plot, angular momentum, parity, magnetic moment, electric moments, nuclear excites states.

UNIT II:

Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model approach, semi empirical mass formula and significance of various terms, condition of nuclear stability. Two nucleon separation energies, Fermi gas model (degenerate fermion gas, nuclear symmetry potential in Fermi gas), evidence for nuclear shell structure, nuclear magic numbers, basic assumption of shell model, concept of mean field, residual interaction, concept of nuclear force.

Radioactivity decay:(a) Alpha decay: basics of α -decay processes, theory of α -emission, Gamow factor, Geiger Nuttall law, α -decay spectroscopy. (b) \square -decay: energy kinematics for \square -decay, positron emission, electron capture, neutrino hypothesis. (c) Gamma decay: Gamma rays emission & kinematics, internal conversion.

UNIT III:

Nuclear Reactions: Types of Reactions, Conservation Laws, kinematics of reactions, Q-value, reaction rate, reaction cross section, Concept of compound and direct reaction, resonance reaction, Coulomb scattering (Rutherford scattering).

Interaction of Nuclear Radiation with matter: Energy loss due to ionization (Bethe-Block formula), energy loss of electrons, Cerenkov radiation, Gamma ray interaction through matter, photoelectric effect, Compton scattering, pair production, neutron interaction with matter.

UNIT IV:

Detector for Nuclear Radiations: Gas detectors: estimation of electric field, mobility of particle, for ionization chamber and GM Counter. Basic principle of Scintillation Detectors and construction of photo-multiplier tube (PMT). Semiconductor Detectors (Si & Ge) for charge particle and photon detection (concept of charge carrier and mobility).

Particle Accelerators: Accelerator facility available in India: Van-de Graaff generator (Tandem accelerator), Linear accelerator, Cyclotron, Synchrotrons.

UNIT V:

Particle physics: Particle interactions; basic features, types of particles and its families. Symmetries and Conservation Laws: energy and momentum, angular momentum, parity, baryon number, Lepton number, Isospin, Strangeness and charm, concept of quark model, color quantum number and gluons.

- 1. Introductory nuclear Physics by Kenneth S. Krane (Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2008).
- 2. Concepts of nuclear physics by Bernard L. Cohen. (Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1998).
- 3. Introduction to the physics of nuclei & particles, R.A. Dunlap. (Thomson Asia, 2004)
- 4. Introduction to Elementary Particles, D. Griffith, John Wiley & Sons
- 5. Quarks and Leptons, F. Halzen and A.D. Martin, Wiley India, New Delhi
- 6. Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics An Introductory Approach by K. Heyde (IOP- Institute of Physics Publishing, 2004).
- 7. Radiation detection and measurement, G.F. Knoll (John Wiley & Sons, 2000).

 Theoretical Nuclear Physics, J.M. Blatt & V.F.Weisskopf (Dover Pub.Inc., 1991)

BSC604D: MEDICAL PHYSICS

UNIT I:

PHYSICS OF THE BODY-I

Basic Anatomical Terminology: Standard Anatomical Position, Planes. Familiarity with terms like-Superior, Inferior, Anterior, Posterior, Medial, Lateral, Proximal and Distal.

Mechanics of the body: Skeleton, forces, and body stability. Muscles and dynamics of body movement. Physics of Locomotors Systems: joints and movements, Stability and Equilibrium. Energy household of the body: Energy balance in the body, Energy consumption of the body, Heat losses of the body, Thermal Regulation. Pressure system of body: Physics of breathing, Physics of cardiovascular system. (8 Lectures)

UNIT II:

PHYSICS OF THE BODY-II

Acoustics of the body: Nature and characteristics of sound, Production of speech, Physics of the ear, Diagnostics with sound and ultrasound. Optical system of the body: Physics of the eye. Electrical system of the body: Physics of the nervous system, Electrical signals and information transfer. (10 Lectures)

PHYSICS OF DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS-I

X-RAYS: Electromagnetic spectrum, production of x-rays, x-ray spectra, Brehmsstrahlung, Characteristic x-ray. **X-ray tubes & types**: Coolidge tube, x-ray tube design, tube cooling stationary mode, Rotating anode x-ray tube, Tube rating, quality and intensity of x-ray. X-ray generator circuits, half wave and full wave rectification, filament circuit, kilo voltage circuit, types of X-Ray Generator, high frequency generator, exposure timers and switches, HT cables, HT generation. **(7 Lectures)**

RADIATION PHYSICS: Radiation units exposure, absorbed dose, units: rad, gray, relative biological effectiveness, effective dose, inverse square law. Interaction of radiation with matter Compton & photoelectric effect, Rem & Sievert, linear attenuation coefficient. **Radiation Detectors**: Thimble chamber, condenser chambers, Geiger Muller counter, Scintillation counters

and Solid State detectors, ionization chamber, Dosimeters, survey methods, area monitors, TLD, Semiconductor detectors.

UNIT III:

MEDICAL IMAGING PHYSICS: Evolution of Medical Imaging, X-ray diagnostics and imaging, Physics of nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR), NMR imaging, MRI Radiological imaging, Ultrasound imaging, Physics of Doppler with applications and modes, Vascular Doppler. Radiography: Filters, grids, cassette, X-ray film, film processing, fluoroscopy. **Computed tomography scanner**- principle & function, display, generations, mammography. Thyroid uptake system and Gamma camera (Only Principle, function and display).

RADIATION ONCOLOGY PHYSICS: External Beam Therapy (Basic Idea): Telecobalt, Conformal Radiation Therapy (CRT), 3DCRT, IMRT, Image Guided Radiotherapy, EPID, Rapid Arc, Proton Therapy, Gamma Knife, Cyber Knife. Contact Beam Therapy (Basic Idea): Brachytherapy-LDR and HDR, Intra Operative Brachytherapy. Radiotherapy, kilo voltage machines, deep therapy machines, Telecobalt machines, Medical linear accelerator. Basics of Teletherapy units, deep x-ray, Telecobalt units, medical linear accelerator, Radiation protection, external beam characteristics, dose maximum and build up – bolus, percentage depth dose, tissue maximum ratio and tissue phantom ratio, Planned target Volume and Gross Tumour Volume.

UNIT IV:

RADIATION AND RADIATION PROTECTION: Principles of radiation protection ,protective materials-radiation effects , somatic, genetic stochastic and deterministic effect. Personal monitoring devices: TLD film badge , pocket dosimeter, OSL dosimeter. Radiation dosimeter. Natural radioactivity, Biological effects of radiation, Radiation monitors. Steps to reduce radiation to Patient, Staff and Public. Dose Limits for Occupational workers and Public. AERB: Existence and Purpose.

UNIT V:

PHYSICS OF DIAGNOSTIC AND THERAPEUTIC SYSTEMS-II

Diagnostic nuclear medicine: Radiopharmaceuticals for radioisotope imaging, Radioisotope imaging equipment, Single photon and positron emission tomography. Therapeutic nuclear

medicine: Interaction between radiation and matter Dose and isodose in radiation treatment. Medical Instrumentation: Basic Ideas of Endoscope and Cautery, Sleep Apnea and Cpap Machines, Ventilator and its modes.

References:

- 1. Medical Physics, J.R. Cameron and J.G. Skofronick, Wiley (1978)
- Basic Radiological Physics Dr. K. Thayalan Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi (2003)
- 3. Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology: Curry, Dowdey and Murry -Lippincot Williams and Wilkins (1990)
- 4. Physics of Radiation Therapy: F M Khan Williams and Wilkins, Third edition (2003)
- 5. Physics of the human body, Irving P. Herman, Springer (2007).
- 6. The essential physics of Medical Imaging: Bushberg, Seibert, Leidholdt and Boone Lippincot Williams and Wilkins, Second Edition (2002)
- 7. Handbook of Physics in Diagnostic Imaging: R.S. Livingstone: B.I. Publication Pvt Ltd.
- 8. The Physics of Radiology-H E Johns and Cunningham.

BSC605A: POLYMER CHEMISTRY LAB

1. Polymer synthesis

- Free radical solution polymerization of styrene (St) / Methyl Methacrylate (MMA) / Methyl Acrylate (MA) / Acrylic acid (AA).
- a. Purification of monomer
- b. Polymerization using benzoyl peroxide (BPO) / 2,2'-azo-bisisobutylonitrile (AIBN)
- 2. Preparation of nylon 66/6
- 1. Interfacial polymerization, preparation of polyester from isophthaloyl chloride (IPC) and phenolphthalein
- a. Preparation of IPC
- b. Purification of IPC
- c. Interfacial polymerization
- 3. Redox polymerization of acrylamide
- 4. Precipitation polymerization of acrylonitrile
- 5. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde resin
- 6. Preparations of novalac resin/resold resin.
- 7. Microscale Emulsion Polymerization of Poly(methylacrylate).

Polymer characterization

- 1. Determination of molecular weight by viscometry:
- (a) Polyacrylamide-aq.NaNO2 solution
- (b) (Poly vinyl proplylidine (PVP) in water
- 2. Determination of the viscosity-average molecular weight of poly(vinyl alcohol) (PVOH) and the fraction of "head-to-head" monomer linkages in the polymer.
- 3. Determination of molecular weight by end group analysis: Polyethylene glycol (PEG) (OH group).
- 4. Testing of mechanical properties of polymers.
- 5. Determination of hydroxyl number of a polymer using colorimetric method.

Polymer analysis

- 1. Estimation of the amount of HCHO in the given solution by sodium sulphite method
- 2. Instrumental Techniques
- 3. IR studies of polymers
- 4. DSC analysis of polymers
- 5. Preparation of polyacrylamide and its electrophoresis

- ➤ M.P. Stevens, *Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction*, 3rd Ed., Oxford University Press, 1999.
- ➤ H.R. Allcock, F.W. Lampe & J.E. Mark, *Contemporary Polymer Chemistry*, 3rd ed. Prentice-Hall (2003)
- F.W. Billmeyer, *Textbook of Polymer Science*, 3rd ed. Wiley-Interscience (1984)
- ➤ J.R. Fried, *Polymer Science and Technology*, 2nd ed. Prentice-Hall (2003)
- ▶ P. Munk & T.M. Aminabhavi, Introduction to Macromolecular Science, 2nd ed. John Wiley & Sons (2002)
- L. H. Sperling, *Introduction to Physical Polymer Science*, 4th ed. John Wiley & Sons (2005)
- ➤ M.P. Stevens, *Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction* 3rd ed. Oxford University Press (2005).
- Seymour/ Carraher's Polymer Chemistry, 9th ed. by Charles E. Carraher, Jr. (2013).

^{*}at least 7 experiments to be carried out.

BSC605B: GREEN CHEMISTRY LAB

1. Safer starting materials

Preparation and characterization of nanoparticles of gold using tea leaves.

2. Using renewable resources

Preparation of biodiesel from vegetable/ waste cooking oil.

3. Avoiding waste

Principle of atom economy.

Use of molecular model kit to stimulate the reaction to investigate how the atom economy can illustrate Green Chemistry.

Preparation of propene by two methods can be studied

- (I) Triethylamine ion $+ OH^- \rightarrow propene + trimethylpropene + water$
- (II) 1-propanol H_2SO_4/Δ propene + water

Other types of reactions, like addition, elimination, substitution and rearrangement should also be studied for the calculation of atom economy.

1. Use of enzymes as catalysts

Benzoin condensation using Thiamine Hydrochloride as a catalyst instead of cyanide.

5. Alternative Green solvents

Extraction of D-limonene from orange peel using liquid CO2 prepared form dry ice.

Mechanochemical solvent free synthesis of azomethines

6. Alternative sources of energy

Solvent free, microwave assisted one pot synthesis of phthalocyanine complex of copper (II).

Photoreduction of benzophenone to benzopinacol in the presence of sunlight.

- Anastas, P.T & Warner, J.C. *Green Chemistry: Theory and Practice,* Oxford University Press (1998).
- ➤ Kirchoff, M. & Ryan, M.A. *Greener approaches to undergraduate chemistry experiment*.

 American Chemical Society, Washington DC (2002).
- ➤ Ryan, M.A. *Introduction to Green Chemistry*, Tinnesand; (Ed), American Chemical Society, Washington DC (2002).
- ➤ Sharma, R.K.; Sidhwani, I.T. & Chaudhari, M.K. I.K. *Green Chemistry Experiment: A monograph International Publishing House Pvt Ltd. New Delhi*. Bangalore CISBN 978-93-81141-55-7 (2013).
- ➤ Cann, M.C. & Connelly, M. E. Real world cases in Green Chemistry, American Chemical Society (2008).
- > Cann, M. C. & Thomas, P. Real world cases in Green Chemistry, American Chemical Society (2008).
- ➤ Lancaster, M. *Green Chemistry: An Introductory Text* RSC Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2010.
- Pavia, D.L., Lampman, G.M., Kriz, G.S. & Engel, R.G. Introduction to Organic Laboratory Techniques: A Microscale and Macro Scale Approach, W.B. Saunders, 1995.

BSC605C: INSTRUMENTAL METHODS AND ANALYSIS LAB

- 1. Safety Practices in the Chemistry Laboratory
- 2. Determination of the isoelectric pH of a protein.
- 3. Titration curve of an amino acid.
- 4. Determination of the void volume of a gel filtration column.
- 5. Determination of a Mixture of Cobalt and Nickel (UV/Vis spec.)
- 6. Study of Electronic Transitions in Organic Molecules (i.e., acetone in water)
- 7. IR Absorption Spectra (Study of Aldehydes and Ketones)
- 8. Determination of Calcium, Iron, and Copper in Food by Atomic Absorption
- 9. Quantitative Analysis of Mixtures by Gas Chromatography (i.e., chloroform and carbon tetrachloride)
- 10. Separation of Carbohydrates by HPLC
- 11. Determination of Caffeine in Beverages by HPLC
- 12. Potentiometric Titration of a Chloride-Iodide Mixture
- 13. Cyclic Voltammetry of the Ferrocyanide/Ferricyanide Couple
- 14. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance
- 15. Use of fluorescence to do "presumptive tests" to identify blood or other body fluids.
- 16. Use of "presumptive tests" for anthrax or cocaine
- 17. Collection, preservation, and control of blood evidence being used for DNA testing
- 18. Use of capillary electrophoresis with laser fluorescence detection for nuclear DNA (Y chromosome only or multiple chromosome)
- 19. Use of sequencing for the analysis of mitochondrial DNA
- 20. Laboratory analysis to confirm anthrax or cocaine

- 21. Detection in the field and confirmation in the laboratory of flammable accelerants or explosives
- 22. Detection of illegal drugs or steroids in athletes
- 23. Detection of pollutants or illegal dumping
- 24. Fibre analysis

At least 10 experiments to be performed.

- Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Ed.
- Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Company Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.

BSC605D: QUANTUM CHEMISTRY, SPECTROSCOPY & PHOTOCHEMISTRY LAB

UV/Visible spectroscopy

- I. Study the 200-500 nm absorbance spectra of KMnO₄ and $K_2Cr_2O_7$ (in 0.1 M H_2SO_4) and determine the λ_{max} values. Calculate the energies of the two transitions in different units (J molecule-1, kJ mol-1, cm-1, eV).
- II. Study the pH-dependence of the UV-Vis spectrum (200-500 nm) of K₂Cr₂O₇.
- III. Record the 200-350 nm UV spectra of the given compounds (acetone, acetaldehyde, 2-propanol, acetic acid) in water. Comment on the effect of structure on the UV spectra of organic compounds.

Colourimetry

- **I.** Verify Lambert-Beer's law and determine the concentration of CuSO₄/KMnO₄/K₂Cr₂O₇ in a solution of unknown concentration.
- II. Determine the concentrations of KMnO₄ and K₂Cr₂O₇ in a mixture.
- III. Study the kinetics of iodination of propanone in acidic medium.
- IV. Determine the amount of iron present in a sample using 1,10-phenathroline.
- V. Determine the dissociation constant of an indicator (phenolphthalein).
- VI. Study the kinetics of interaction of crystal violet/ phenolphthalein with sodium hydroxide.
- VII. Analyse the given vibration-rotation spectrum of HCl(g)

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- Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A., Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
- Garland, C. W.; Nibler, J. W. & Shoemaker, D. P. *Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8th Ed.*; McGraw-Hill: New York (2003).
- ➤ Halpern, A. M. & McBane, G. C. Experimental Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed.; W.H. Freeman & Co.: New York (2003).

BSC606A: QUANTUM MECHANICS LAB

Use C/C++/Scilab for solving the following problems based on Quantum Mechanics Like

- 1. Solve the s-wave Schrodinger equation for the ground state and the first excited state of the hydrogen atom: $\frac{d^2y}{dr^2} = A(r)u(r)$, $A(r) = \frac{2m}{\hbar^2} [V(r) E]$, where $V(r) = -\frac{e^2}{r}$. Here, m is the reduced mass of the electron. Obtain the energy eigenvalues and plot the corresponding wave functions. Remember that the ground state energy of the hydrogen atom is $\approx -13.6 \ eV$. Take $e = 3.795 (eV \text{Å})^{1/2}$, $\hbar c = 1973 (eV \text{Å})$ and $m = 0.511 \times 10^6 eV/c^2$.
- 2. Solve the s-wave radial Schrodinger equation for an atom:
 - $\frac{d^2y}{dr^2} = A(r)u(r), A(r) = \frac{2m}{\hbar^2} [V(r) E].$ Where m is the reduced mass of the system (which can be chosen to be the mass of an electron), for the screened coulomb potential $V(r) = -\frac{e^2}{r} e^{-r/a}.$ Find the energy (in eV) of the ground state of the atom to an accuracy of three significant digits. Also, plot the corresponding wave function. Take $= 3.795(eV\text{Å})^{1/2}, \hbar c = 1973 (eV\text{Å}), m = 0.511 \times 10^6 eV/c^2 \text{ and } a = 3 \text{ Å}, 5 \text{ Å}, 7 \text{ Å}.$

The ground state energy is expected to be above $-12 \ eV$ in all three cases.

- 3. Solve the s-wave radial Schrodinger equation for a particle of mass m: $\frac{d^2y}{dr^2} = A(r)u(r), A(r) = \frac{2m}{\hbar^2} [V(r) E].$ For the anharmonic oscillator potential $V(r) = \frac{kr^2}{2} + \frac{br^3}{3}.$ For the ground state energy (in MeV) of the particle to an accuracy of three significant digits. Also, plot the corresponding wave function. Choose $\hbar c = 197.3 \ \text{MeV fm}, \ m = 940 \ \text{MeV}/c^2, \ k = 100 \ \text{MeV fm}^{-2} \ \text{and} \ b = 0, 10, 30 \ \text{MeV fm}^{-3}.$ The ground state energy I expected to lie between 90 and 110 MeV for all three cases.
- 4. Solve the s-wave radial Schrodinger equation for the vibrations of hydrogen molecule: $\frac{d^2y}{dr^2} = A(r)u(r), A(r) = \frac{2\mu}{\hbar^2}[V(r) E]. \text{ where } \mu \text{ is the reduced mass of the two-atom}$ system for the Morse potential $V(r) = D(e^{-2\alpha r'} e^{-\alpha r'}), r' = \frac{r-r_0}{r}$. Find the lowest vibrational energy (in MeV) of the molecule to an accuracy of three significant digits.

Also plot the corresponding wave function. Take:

$$m = 940 MeV/c^2$$
, D = 0.755501 eV, $\alpha = 1044$, $r_0 = 0.131349$ Å.

Laboratory based experiments:

- 5. Study of Electron spin resonance- determine magnetic field as a function of the resonance frequency.
- 6. Study of Zeeman effect: with external magnetic field; Hyperfine splitting.
- 7. To study the quantum tunnelling effect with solid state device, e.g. tunneling current in backward diode or tunnel diode.

- 1. Schaum's Outline of Programming with C++. J.Hubbard, 2000, McGraw-Hill Publications.
- Numerical Recipes in C: The Art of Scientific Computing, W.H.Press et al., 3rdEdn., 2007, Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Elementary Numerical Analysis, K.E.Atkinson, 3 r dEdn., 2007, Wiley India Edition.
- 4. A Guide to MATLAB, B.R. Hunt, R.L. Lipsman, J.M. Rosenberg, 2014, 3rd Edn., Cambridge University Press
- Simulation of ODE/PDE Models with MATLAB®, OCTAVE and SCILAB: Scientific and Engineering Applications: A. Vande Wouwer, P. Saucez, C. V. Fernández.2014 Springer ISBN: 978-3319067896
- 6. Scilab by example: M. Affouf2012ISBN: 978-1479203444
- 7. Scilab (A Free Software to Matlab): H. Ramchandran, A.S. Nair. 2011 S. Chand and Company, New Delhi ISBN: 978-8121939706
- Scilab Image Processing: Lambert M. Surhone. 2010Betascript Publishing ISBN: 978-6133459274A
- 9. Quantum Mechanics, Leonard I. Schiff, 3rdEdn. 2010, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 10. Quantum Mechanics, Bruce Cameron Reed, 2008, Jones and Bartlett Learning.

BSC606B: EMBEDDED SYSTEM: INTRODUCTION TO MICROCONTROLLER LAB

Following experiments using 8051:

- 1. To find that the given numbers is prime or not.
- 2. To find the factorial of a number.
- 3. Write a program to make the two numbers equal by increasing the smallest number and decreasing the largest number.
- 4. Use one of the four ports of 8051 for O/P interfaced to eight LED's. Simulate binary counter (8 bit) on LED's.
- 5. Program to glow first four LED then next four using TIMER application.
- 6. Program to rotate the contents of the accumulator first right and then left.
- 7. Program to run a countdown from 9-0 in the seven segment LED display.
- 8. To interface seven segment LED display with 8051 microcontroller and display 'HELP' in the seven segment LED display.
- 9. To toggle '1234' as '1324' in the seven segment LED.
- 10. Interface stepper motor with 8051 and write a program to move the motor through a given angle in clock wise or counter clockwise direction.
- 11. Application of embedded systems: Temperature measurement, some information on LCD display, interfacing a keyboard.

- 1. Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming & Design, R. Kamal, 2008, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems Using Assembly and C, M.A. Mazidi, J.G. Mazidi, and R.D. McKinlay, 2nd Ed., 2007, Pearson Education India.
- 3. Embedded Microcomputor System: Real Time Interfacing, J.W. Valvano, 2000, Brooks/Cole
- 4. Embedded System, B.K. Rao, 2011, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Embedded Microcomputer systems: Real time interfacing, J.W.Valvano 2011, Cengage Learning

BSC606D: MEDICAL PHYSICS LAB

- 1. Understanding the working of a manual Hg Blood Pressure monitor and measure the Blood Pressure.
- 2. Understanding the working of a manual optical eye-testing machine and to learn eye-testing.
- 3. Correction of Myopia (short sightedness) using a combination of lenses on an optical bench/breadboard.
- 4. Correction of Hypermetropia/Hyperopia (long sightedness) using a combination of lenses on an optical bench/breadboard.
- 5. To learn working of Thermoluminescent dosimeter (TLD) badges and measure the background radiation.
- 6. Familiarization with Geiger-Muller (GM) Counter and to measure background radiation.
- 7. Familiarization with Radiation meter and to measure background radiation.
- 8. Familiarization with the Use of a Vascular Doppler.

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- Basic Radiological Physics Dr. K. Thayalan Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi (2003)
- 2. Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology: Curry, Dowdey and Murry -Lippincot Williams and Wilkins (1990)
- 3. Physics of Radiation Therapy: F M Khan Williams and Wilkins, Third edition (2003)
- 4. The essential physics of Medical Imaging: Bushberg, Seibert, Leidholdt and 36 Boone Lippincot Williams and Wilkins, Second Edition (2002)
- 9. The Physics of Radiology-H E Johns and Cunningham.
- 10. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint & H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- 11. Handbook of Physics in Diagnostic Imaging: Roshan S. Livingstone: B. I. Publications Pvt Ltd.
- 12. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
